

NEWS RELEASE



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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION – DECEMBER 2010

The unemployment rate fell by 0.4 percentage point to 9.4 percent in December, and nonfarm payroll employment increased by 103,000, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Employment rose in leisure and hospitality and in health care but was little changed in other major industries.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, December 2008 – December 2010

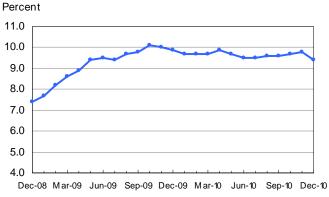
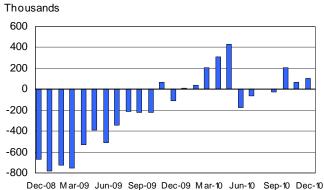


Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment over-the-month change, seasonally adjusted, December 2008 – December 2010



Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Household Survey Data

Seasonally adjusted household survey data have been revised using updated seasonal adjustment factors, a procedure done at the end of each calendar year. Seasonally adjusted estimates back to January 2006 were subject to revision. The unemployment rates for January 2010 through November 2010 (as originally published and as revised) appear in table A on page 6, along with additional information about the revisions.

Household Survey Data

The number of **unemployed persons** decreased by 556,000 to 14.5 million in December, and the **unemployment rate** dropped to 9.4 percent. Over the year, these measures were down from 15.2 million and 9.9 percent, respectively. (See table A-1.)

Among the **major worker groups**, the unemployment rates for adult men (9.4 percent) and whites (8.5 percent) declined in December. The unemployment rates for adult women (8.1 percent), teenagers (25.4 percent), blacks (15.8 percent), and Hispanics (13.0 percent) showed little change. The jobless rate for Asians was 7.2 percent, not seasonally adjusted. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

In December, the number of **job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs** dropped by 548,000 to 8.9 million. The number of **long-term unemployed** (those jobless for 27 weeks or more) was little changed at 6.4 million and accounted for 44.3 percent of the unemployed. (See tables A-11 and A-12.)

The civilian labor force participation rate edged down in December to 64.3 percent, and the employment-population ratio was essentially unchanged at 58.3 percent. (See table A-1.)

The number of persons employed **part time for economic reasons** (sometimes referred to as involuntary part-time workers) was essentially unchanged in December at 8.9 million. These individuals were working part time because their hours had been cut back or because they were unable to find a full-time job. (See table A-8.)

About 2.6 million persons were **marginally attached to the labor force** in December, little different than a year earlier. (The data are not seasonally adjusted.) These individuals were not in the labor force, wanted and were available for work, and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. (See table A-16.)

Among the marginally attached, there were 1.3 million **discouraged workers** in December, an increase of 389,000 from December 2009. (The data are not seasonally adjusted.) Discouraged workers are persons not currently looking for work because they believe no jobs are available for them. The remaining 1.3 million persons marginally attached to the labor force had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey for reasons such as school attendance or family responsibilities. (See table A-16.)

Establishment Survey Data

Total **nonfarm payroll employment** increased by 103,000 in December. Employment rose in leisure and hospitality and in health care but changed little in other major industries. Since December 2009, total payroll employment has increased by 1.1 million, or an average of 94,000 per month. (See table B-1.)

Employment in **leisure and hospitality** increased by 47,000 in December. Within the industry, job gains continued in food services and drinking places (+25,000). Since a recent low in December 2009, the food services industry has added 188,000 jobs.

In December, **health care** employment continued to expand, with a gain of 36,000. Over the month, job gains continued in ambulatory services (+21,000), hospitals (+8,000), and nursing and residential care facilities (+7,000).

Within professional and business services, employment in **temporary help services** continued to trend up in December (+16,000) and has risen by 495,000 since a recent low in September 2009.

Employment in **retail trade** changed little in December (+12,000). A job gain in motor vehicle and parts dealers (+8,000) offset a loss in health and personal care stores (-8,000). Employment in most other service-providing industries changed little over the month.

In the goods-producing sector, **mining** employment continued to trend up in December, reflecting a job gain in support activities for mining (+5,000).

Manufacturing employment changed little over the month (+10,000). Following job growth earlier in 2010, employment has been relatively flat, on net, since May. **Construction** employment also was little changed overall in December (-16,000). Within construction, there were job losses in heavy and civil engineering (-13,000) and in residential building (-6,000).

The **average workweek for all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls held at 34.3 hours in December. The manufacturing workweek for all employees declined by 0.1 hour to 40.2 hours, while factory overtime remained at 3.1 hours. The average workweek for **production and nonsupervisory employees** on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 0.1 hour to 33.6 hours. (See tables B-2 and B-7.)

In December, **average hourly earnings for all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 3 cents, or 0.1 percent, to \$22.78. Over the past 12 months, average hourly earnings have increased by 1.8 percent. In December, average hourly earnings of private-sector **production and nonsupervisory employees** rose by 2 cents, or 0.1 percent, to \$19.21. (See tables B-3 and B-8.)

The change in total nonfarm payroll employment for October was revised from +172,000 to +210,000, and the change for November was revised from +39,000 to +71,000.

The Employment Situation for January is scheduled to be released on Friday, February 4, 2011, at 8:30 a.m. (EST).

Upcoming Changes to Establishment Survey Data

Effective with the release of January 2011 data on February 4, 2011, the establishment survey will begin estimating net business birth/death adjustment factors on a quarterly basis, replacing the current practice of estimating the factors annually. This will allow the establishment survey to incorporate information from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages into the birth/death adjustment factors as soon as it becomes available and thereby improve the factors. Additional information on this change is available at www.bls.gov/ces/ces_quarterly_birthdeath.pdf.

Upcoming Changes to Household Survey Data

Effective with the release of January 2011 data on February 4, 2011, two additional data series—"Self-employed workers, unincorporated" and "Self-employed workers, incorporated"—will be added to table A-9. As a result, the format of table A-9 will change; sample versions in HTML and PDF formats are available at www.bls.gov/cps/empsit_changes_table_a9_2011.htm. Data on the incorporated self-employed have not previously been published on a regular basis.

Also, in table A-8, the data series currently labeled "Self-employed workers" (one for Agriculture and related industries and one for Nonagricultural industries) will be renamed "Self-employed workers, unincorporated." This is strictly a change in title and not in definition; the data shown will not be affected. This change is being made to clarify that these data only include persons operating unincorporated businesses. A similar title change will be made to one data series in table A-14.

In addition, a change affecting data collected on unemployment duration will be introduced in the household survey in January 2011. Presently, the Current Population Survey can record unemployment durations of up to 2 years. Starting with data collected for January 2011, respondents will be able to report unemployment durations of up to 5 years. This change will likely affect one data series in this news release: the average (mean) duration of unemployment, which is found in table A-12. The change does not affect the estimate of total unemployment or other data series on duration of unemployment. Additional information is available at www.bls.gov/cps/duration.htm.

Beginning with data for January 2011, occupation estimates in table A-13 will reflect the introduction of the 2010 Census occupation classification system into the household survey. This occupation classification system is derived from the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification system. Historical data will not be revised.

Revisions in the Establishment Survey Data

With the release of January 2011 data on February 4, 2011, the Current Employment Statistics survey will introduce revisions to nonfarm payroll employment, hours, and earnings data to reflect the annual benchmark adjustments for March 2010 and updated seasonal adjustment factors. Not seasonally adjusted data beginning with April 2009 and seasonally adjusted data beginning with January 2006 are subject to revision.

Revisions in the Household Survey Data

Effective with the release of data for January 2011 on February 4, 2011, revisions will be introduced into the population controls for the household survey. These changes reflect the routine annual updating of intercensal population estimates by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Household Survey Data

At the end of each calendar year, BLS routinely updates the seasonal adjustment factors for the labor force series derived from the Current Population Survey (CPS), or household survey. As a result of this process, seasonally adjusted data for January 2006 through November 2010 were subject to revision.

Table A shows the unemployment rates for January 2010 through November 2010, as first published and as revised. The rates were unchanged in 8 of the 11 months and changed by one-tenth of a percentage point in the remaining 3 months. Revised seasonally adjusted data for other major labor force series beginning in December 2009 appear in table B.

An article describing the seasonal adjustment methodology for the household survey data and revised data for January 2010 through November 2010 is available at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsrs2011.pdf.

Historical data for the seasonally adjusted household series contained in the A-tables of this release can be accessed at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsatabs.htm. Revised historical seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data for additional series are available on the Internet at ftp.bls.gov/pub/special.requests/lf/.

Table A. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates and changes due to revision, January - November 2010

Year and month	As first published	As revised	Change
2010			
January	9.7	9.7	0.0
February	9.7	9.7	.0
March	9.7	9.7	.0
April	9.9	9.8	1
May	9.7	9.6	1
June	9.5	9.5	.0
July	9.5	9.5	.0
August	9.6	9.6	.0
September	9.6	9.6	.0
October	9.6	9.7	.1
November	9.8	9.8	.0

Table B. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted [Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, say, and ago	2009		2010										
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	236,924	236,832	236,998	237,159	237,329	237,499	237,690	237,890	238,099	238,322	238,530	238,715	238,889
Civilian labor force	153,172	153,353	153,558	153,895	154,520	154,237	153,684	153,628	154,117	154,124	153,960	153,950	153,690
Participation rate	64.7	64.8	64.8	64.9	65.1	64.9	64.7	64.6	64.7	64.7	64.5	64.5	64.3
Employed	137,960	138,511	138,698	138,952	139,382	139,353	139,092	138,991	139,267	139,378	139,084	138,909	139,206
Employment-population ratio	58.2	58.5	58.5	58.6	58.7	58.7	58.5	58.4	58.5	58.5	58.3	58.2	58.3
Unemployed	15,212	14,842	14,860	14,943	15,138	14,884	14,593	14,637	14,849	14,746	14,876	15,041	14,485
Unemployment rate	9.9	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	106,125	105,998	106,100	106,198	106,301	106,407	106,522	106,641	106,761	106,887	107,007	107,114	107,216
Civilian labor force	78,463	78,386	78,568	78,841	79,279	79,178	79,094	78,993	79,295	79,289	79,016	78,980	78,906
Participation rate	73.9	74.0	74.1	74.2	74.6	74.4	74.3	74.1	74.3	74.2	73.8	73.7	73.6
Employed	70,479	70,525	70,707	70,977	71,348	71,451	71,329	71,340	71,505	71,559	71,365	71,130	71,480
Employment-population ratio	66.4	66.5	66.6	66.8	67.1	67.1	67.0	66.9	67.0	66.9	66.7	66.4	66.7
Unemployed	7,983	7,861	7,861	7,864	7,931	7,728	7,765	7,653	7,789	7,729	7,651	7,849	7,426
Unemployment rate	10.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.4
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	113,832	113,796	113,886	113,974	114,066	114,160	114,264	114,372	114,481	114,596	114,704	114,801	114,894
Civilian labor force	68,635	68,958	69,026	68,976	69,167	69,057	68,826	68,797	68,883	69,082	69,018	69,151	69,027
Participation rate	60.3	60.6	60.6	60.5	60.6	60.5	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.3	60.2	60.2	60.1
Employed	63,037	63,549	63,516	63,479	63,501	63,487	63,483	63,340	63,379	63,562	63,400	63,385	63,428
Employment-population ratio	55.4	55.8	55.8	55.7	55.7	55.6	55.6	55.4	55.4	55.5	55.3	55.2	55.2
Unemployed	5,598	5,409	5,509	5,497	5,665	5,570	5,343	5,458	5,504	5,520	5,618	5,766	5,599
Unemployment rate	8.2	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	16,967	17,038	17,012	16,987	16,962	16,932	16,904	16,877	16,857	16,839	16,819	16,800	16,780
Civilian labor force	6,075	6,009	5,964	6,078	6,074	6,002	5,764	5,838	5,939	5,754	5,927	5,820	5,757
Participation rate	35.8	35.3	35.1	35.8	35.8	35.4	34.1	34.6	35.2	34.2	35.2	34.6	34.3
Employed	4,444	4,438	4,475	4,497	4,533	4,416	4,279	4,312	4,383	4,256	4,319	4,393	4,298
Employment-population ratio	26.2	26.0	26.3	26.5	26.7	26.1	25.3	25.5	26.0	25.3	25.7	26.2	25.6
Unemployed	1,631	1,572	1,490	1,581	1,542	1,586	1,485	1,526	1,556	1,497	1,607	1,426	1,460
Unemployment rate	26.8	26.2	25.0	26.0	25.4	26.4	25.8	26.1	26.2	26.0	27.1	24.5	25.4

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Seasonally adjusted data have been revised to reflect updated seasonal adjustment factors.

Summary table A. Household data, seasonally adjusted [Numbers in thousands]

Category	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Change from: Nov. 2010- Dec. 2010
Employment status					
Civilian noninstitutional population	236,924	238,530	238,715	238,889	174
Civilian labor force	153,172	153,960	153,950	153,690	-260
Participation rate	64.7	64.5	64.5	64.3	-0.2
Employed	137,960	139,084	138,909	139,206	297
Employment-population ratio	58.2	58.3	58.2	58.3	0.1
Unemployed	15,212	14,876	15,041	14,485	-556
Unemployment rate	9.9	9.7	9.8	9.4	-0.4
Not in labor force	83,752	84,570	84,765	85,199	434
Unemployment rates					
Total, 16 years and over	9.9	9.7	9.8	9.4	-0.4
Adult men (20 years and over)	10.2	9.7	9.9	9.4	-0.5
Adult women (20 years and over)	8.2	8.1	8.3	8.1	-0.2
Teenagers (16 to 19 years)	26.8	27.1	24.5	25.4	0.9
White	9.0	8.8	8.9	8.5	-0.4
Black or African American	16.2	15.7	16.0	15.8	-0.2
Asian (not seasonally adjusted)	8.4	7.1	7.6	7.2	_
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	12.8	12.6	13.2	13.0	-0.2
Total, 25 years and over	8.5	8.2	8.4	8.1	-0.3
Less than a high school diploma	15.3	15.3	15.7	15.3	-0.4
High school graduates, no college	10.6	10.1	10.0	9.8	-0.2
Some college or associate degree	8.8	8.5	8.7	8.1	-0.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	4.9	4.7	5.1	4.8	-0.3
Reason for unemployment					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	9,688	9,070	9,471	8,923	-548
Job leavers	916	854	864	914	50
Reentrants	3,385	3,498	3,427	3,408	-19
New entrants	1,244	1,278	1,269	1,311	42
Duration of unemployment					
Less than 5 weeks	2,908	2,659	2,824	2,725	-99
5 to 14 weeks	3,483	3,427	3,336	3,184	-152
15 to 26 weeks	2,781	2,500	2,515	2,205	-310
27 weeks and over	6,133	6,234	6,328	6,441	113
Employed persons at work part time					
Part time for economic reasons	9,093	9,100	8,960	8,931	-29
Slack work or business conditions	6,397	6,174	6,025	6,011	-14
Could only find part-time work	2,362	2,564	2,557	2,568	11
Part time for noneconomic reasons.	18,359	18,230	18,326	18,184	-142
Persons not in the labor force (not seasonally adjusted)					
Marginally attached to the labor force	2,486	2,602	2,531	2,609	_
Discouraged workers	929	1,219	1,282	1,318	_

⁻ Over-the-month changes are not displayed for not seasonally adjusted data.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA Summary table B. Establishment data, seasonally adjusted

Category	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p
EMPLOYMENT BY SELECTED INDUSTRY				
(Over-the-month change, in thousands)	-109	210	71	103
Total private				1
Total private	-83	193	79	113
Goods-producing.	-54	10	-5	-2
Mining and logging	0	10	5	4
Construction.	-36	4	-2	-16
Manufacturing	-18	-4	-8	10
Durable goods ¹	-11	1	-2	10
Motor vehicles and parts	-1.1	3.2	0.1	3.3
Nondurable goods	-7	-5	-6	0
Private service-providing ¹	-29	183	84	115
Wholesale trade	-4.3	11.1	5.2	8.8
Retail trade	-14.5	38.2	-19.4	12.0
Transportation and warehousing.	-4.0	3.9	15.3	8.8
Information.	-14	-4	2	-4
			-4	4
Financial activities.	-9	3		7
Professional and business services ¹	22	40	49	1
Temporary help services	49.7	28.6	31.1	15.9
Education and health services ¹	37	66	37	44
Health care and social assistance	21.8	42.1	26.6	37.1
Leisure and hospitality	-33	-1	12	47
Other services	-7	25	-12	-14
Government	-26	17	-8	-10
WOMEN AND PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES AS A PERCENT OF ALL EMPLOYEES ²				
Total nonfarm women employees	49.9	49.6	49.6	49.6
Total private women employees	48.4	48.1	48.1	48.1
Total private production and nonsupervisory employees	82.4	82.4	82.4	82.4
HOURS AND EARNINGS ALL EMPLOYEES				
Total private				
Average weekly hours	33.8	34.3	34.3	34.3
Average hourly earnings		A 00 - 1		1
Average nouny earnings	\$ 22.38	\$ 22.74	\$ 22.75	\$ 22.78
• , •	\$ 22.38 \$ 756.44	\$ 22.74 \$779.98	\$ 22.75 \$780.33	
Average weekly earnings	\$ 756.44	\$779.98	\$780.33	\$781.35
Average weekly earnings	\$ 756.44 90.7	\$779.98 93.1	\$780.33 93.1	\$781.35 93.2
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³ Over-the-month percent change.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4	\$779.98 93.1 0.5	\$780.33 93.1 0.0	\$781.35 93.2 0.1
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴ Over-the-month percent change.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4	\$779.98 93.1 0.5	\$780.33 93.1 0.0	\$781.35 93.2 0.1
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4 33.2 \$ 18.85	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7 33.6 \$ 19.18	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1 33.5 \$ 19.19	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3 33.6 \$ 19.21
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings. Average weekly earnings.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4 33.2 \$ 18.85 \$ 625.82	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7 33.6 \$ 19.18 \$644.45	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1 33.5 \$ 19.19 \$642.87	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3 33.6 \$ 19.21 \$645.46
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings. Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100)³	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4 33.2 \$ 18.85 \$ 625.82 97.9	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7 33.6 \$ 19.18 \$644.45 100.1	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1 33.5 \$ 19.19 \$642.87 99.9	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3 33.6 \$ 19.21 \$645.46 100.3
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings. Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100)³ Over-the-month percent change.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4 33.2 \$ 18.85 \$ 625.82 97.9 0.0	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7 33.6 \$ 19.18 \$644.45 100.1 0.4	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1 33.5 \$ 19.19 \$642.87 99.9 -0.2	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3 33.6 \$ 19.21 \$645.46 100.3 0.4
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Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings. Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2002=100)⁴	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4 33.2 \$ 18.85 \$ 625.82 97.9 0.0 123.3	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7 33.6 \$ 19.18 \$644.45 100.1 0.4 128.3	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1 33.5 \$ 19.19 \$642.87 99.9 -0.2 128.1	\$781.35 93.2 0.1 101.3 0.3 33.6 \$ 19.21 \$645.46 100.3 0.4 128.8
Average weekly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES Total private Average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings. Index of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100)³ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2002=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change. Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2002=100)⁴ Over-the-month percent change.	\$ 756.44 90.7 -0.4 96.8 -0.4 33.2 \$ 18.85 \$ 625.82 97.9 0.0 123.3	\$779.98 93.1 0.5 100.9 0.7 33.6 \$ 19.18 \$644.45 100.1 0.4 128.3	\$780.33 93.1 0.0 101.0 0.1 33.5 \$ 19.19 \$642.87 99.9 -0.2 128.1	0.1 101.3 0.3 33.6 \$ 19.21 \$645.46 100.3 0.4 128.8

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries.

³ The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding annual average aggregate hours.

⁴ The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding annual average aggregate weekly payrolls.

⁵ Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

p Preliminary

Frequently Asked Questions about Employment and Unemployment Estimates

Why are there two monthly measures of employment?

The household survey and establishment survey both produce sample-based estimates of employment and both have strengths and limitations. The establishment survey employment series has a smaller margin of error on the measurement of month-to-month change than the household survey because of its much larger sample size. An over-the-month employment change of about 100,000 is statistically significant in the establishment survey, while the threshold for a statistically significant change in the household survey is about 400,000. However, the household survey has a more expansive scope than the establishment survey because it includes the self-employed, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and private household workers, who are excluded by the establishment survey. The household survey also provides estimates of employment for demographic groups.

Are undocumented immigrants counted in the surveys?

It is likely that both surveys include at least some undocumented immigrants. However, neither the establishment nor the household survey is designed to identify the legal status of workers. Therefore, it is not possible to determine how many are counted in either survey. The establishment survey does not collect data on the legal status of workers. The household survey does include questions which identify the foreign and native born, but it does not include questions about the legal status of the foreign born.

Why does the establishment survey have revisions?

The establishment survey revises published estimates to improve its data series by incorporating additional information that was not available at the time of the initial publication of the estimates. The establishment survey revises its initial monthly estimates twice, in the immediately succeeding 2 months, to incorporate additional sample receipts from respondents in the survey and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. For more information on the monthly revisions, please visit www.bls.gov/ces/cesrevinfo.htm.

On an annual basis, the establishment survey incorporates a benchmark revision that re-anchors estimates to nearly complete employment counts available from unemployment insurance tax records. The benchmark helps to control for sampling and modeling errors in the estimates. For more information on the annual benchmark revision, please visit www.bls.gov/web/cesbmart.htm.

Does the establishment survey sample include small firms?

Yes; about 40 percent of the establishment survey sample is comprised of business establishments with fewer than 20 employees. The establishment survey sample is designed to maximize the reliability of the total nonfarm employment estimate; firms from all size classes and industries are appropriately sampled to achieve that goal.

Does the establishment survey account for employment from new businesses?

Yes; monthly establishment survey estimates include an adjustment to account for the net employment change generated by business births and deaths. The adjustment comes from an econometric model that forecasts the monthly net jobs impact of business births and deaths based on the actual past values of the net impact that can be observed with a lag from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The establishment survey uses modeling rather than sampling for this purpose because the survey is not

immediately able to bring new businesses into the sample. There is an unavoidable lag between the birth of a new firm and its appearance on the sampling frame and availability for selection. BLS adds new businesses to the survey twice a year.

Is the count of unemployed persons limited to just those people receiving unemployment insurance benefits?

No; the estimate of unemployment is based on a monthly sample survey of households. All persons who are without jobs and are actively seeking and available to work are included among the unemployed. (People on temporary layoff are included even if they do not actively seek work.) There is no requirement or question relating to unemployment insurance benefits in the monthly survey.

Does the official unemployment rate exclude people who have stopped looking for work?

Yes; however, there are separate estimates of persons outside the labor force who want a job, including those who have stopped looking because they believe no jobs are available (discouraged workers). In addition, alternative measures of labor underutilization (some of which include discouraged workers and other groups not officially counted as unemployed) are published each month in The Employment Situation news release.

Technical Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the "A" tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides information on employment, hours, and earnings of employees on nonfarm payrolls; the data appear in the "B" tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. BLS collects these data each month from the payroll records of a sample of nonagricultural business establishments. The sample includes about 140,000 businesses and government agencies representing approximately 410,000 worksites and is drawn from a sampling frame of roughly 8.9 million unemployment insurance tax accounts. The active sample includes approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll employees.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference period is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: they had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those not classified as employed or unemployed are *not in the labor force*. The *unemployment rate* is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The *labor force participation rate* is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the *employment-population ratio* is the employed as a percent of the population. Additional information about the household survey can be found at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

Establishment survey. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as from federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are produced for the private sector for all employees and for production and nonsupervisory employees are defined as production and related employees in manufacturing and mining and logging, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-providing industries.

Industries are classified on the basis of an establishment's principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System. Additional information about the establishment survey can be found at www.bls.gov/ces/#technical.

Differences in employment estimates. The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll are counted separately for each appearance.

Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo regularly occurring fluctuations. These events may result from seasonal changes in weather, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on the level of a series can be tempered by adjusting for regular seasonal adjustments These make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in employment or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, in the household survey, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. Similarly, in the establishment survey, payroll employment in education declines by about 20 percent at the end of the spring term and later rises with the start of the fall term, obscuring the underlying employment trends in the industry. Because seasonal employment changes at the end and beginning of the school year can be estimated, the statistics can be adjusted to make underlying employment patterns more discernable. The seasonally adjusted figures provide a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in monthto-month economic activity.

Many seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the adjusted series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most major sectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. The prior 2 months are routinely revised to incorporate additional sample reports and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. In both surveys, 5-year revisions to historical data are made once a year.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling

error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total nonfarm employment from the establishment survey is on the order of plus or minus 100,000. Suppose the estimate of nonfarm employment increases by 50,000 from one month to the next. The 90percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -50,000 to +150,000 (50,000 +/- 100,000). These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the "true" over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that nonfarm employment had, in fact, increased that month. If, however, the reported nonfarm employment rise was 250,000, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that nonfarm employment had, in fact, risen that month. At an unemployment rate of around 5.5 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment as measured by the household survey is about +/- 280,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- 0.19 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates also is improved when the data are cumulated over time, such as for quarterly and annual averages.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*, which can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to

account for business births. The first component excludes employment losses from business deaths from sample-based estimation in order to offset the missing employment gains from business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based estimation procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same employment trend as the other firms in the sample. This procedure accounts for most of the net birth/death employment.

The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past 5 years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to

universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, absolute benchmark revisions for total nonfarm employment have averaged 0.3 percent, with a range from -0.7 to 0.6 percent.

Other information

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age [Numbers in thousands]

[rearrisons in thousands]	Not se	easonally adj	usted	Seasonally adjusted ¹					
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	236,924	238,715	238,889	236,924	238,099	238,322	238,530	238,715	238,889
Civilian labor force	152,693	153,698	153,156	153,172	154,117	154,124	153,960	153,950	153,690
Participation rate	64.4	64.4	64.1	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.5	64.5	64.3
Employed	137,953	139,415	139,159	137,960	139,267	139,378	139,084	138,909	139,206
Employment-population ratio	58.2	58.4	58.3	58.2	58.5	58.5	58.3	58.2	58.3
Unemployed	14,740	14,282	13,997	15,212	14,849	14,746	14,876	15,041	14,485
Unemployment rate	9.7	9.3	9.1	9.9	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
Not in labor force	84,231	85,017	85,733	83,752	83,983	84,198	84,570	84,765	85,199
Persons who currently want a job	5,939	5,832	6,212	6,218	6,039	6,236	6,279	6,248	6,471
Men, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	114,728	115,640	115,731	114,728	115,317	115,433	115,542	115,640	115,731
Civilian labor force	81,243	81,651	81,504	81,533	82,266	82,165	82,000	81,986	81,845
Participation rate	70.8	70.6	70.4	71.1	71.3	71.2	71.0	70.9	70.7
Employed	72,258	73,540	73,226	72,609	73,600	73,594	73,470	73,337	73,600
Employment-population ratio	63.0	63.6	63.3	63.3	63.8	63.8	63.6	63.4	63.6
Unemployed	8,985	8,111	8,278	8,925	8,666	8,571	8,530	8,649	8,245
Unemployment rate	11.1	9.9	10.2	10.9	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.1
Not in labor force	33,485	33,988	34,228	33,194	33,051	33,268	33,542	33,653	33,886
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	106,125	107,114	107,216	106,125	106,761	106,887	107,007	107,114	107,216
Civilian labor force	78,392	78,822	78,780	78,463	79,295	79,289	79,016	78,980	78,906
Participation rate	73.9	73.6	73.5	73.9	74.3	74.2	73.8	73.7	73.6
Employed	70,251	71,471	71,235	70,479	71,505	71,559	71,365	71,130	71,480
Employment-population ratio	66.2	66.7	66.4	66.4	67.0	66.9	66.7	66.4	66.7
Unemployed	8,141	7,352	7,545	7,983	7,789	7,729	7,651	7,849	7,426
Unemployment rate	10.4	9.3	9.6	10.2	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.4
Not in labor force	27,733	28,291	28,436	27,662	27,467	27,599	27,991	28,134	28,310
Women, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	122,197	123,075	123,158	122,197	122,783	122,889	122,988	123,075	123,158
Civilian labor force	71,450	72,046	71,653	71,639	71,851	71,959	71,960	71,964	71,845
Participation rate	58.5	58.5	58.2	58.6	58.5	58.6	58.5	58.5	58.3
Employed	65,694	65,875	65,933	65,351	65,667	65,784	65,613	65,572	65,605
Employment-population ratio	53.8	53.5	53.5	53.5	53.5	53.5	53.3	53.3	53.3
Unemployed	5,756	6,171	5,719	6,287	6,183	6,175	6,346	6,392	6,240
Unemployment rate	8.1	8.6	8.0	8.8	8.6	8.6	8.8	8.9	8.7
Not in labor force	50,747	51,029	51,505	50,558	50,932	50,930	51,028	51,112	51,313
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	113,832	114,801	114,894	113,832	114,481	114,596	114,704	114,801	114,894
Civilian labor force	68,617	69,374	68,999	68,635	68,883	69,082	69,018	69,151	69,027
Participation rate	60.3	60.4	60.1	60.3	60.2	60.3	60.2	60.2	60.1
Employed	63,430	63,779	63,809	63,037	63,379	63,562	63,400	63,385	63,428
Employment-population ratio	55.7	55.6	55.5	55.4	55.4	55.5	55.3	55.2	55.2
Unemployed.	5,187	5,595	5,190 7.5	5,598	5,504 8.0	5,520 8.0	5,618	5,766	5,599 8.1
Unemployment rate	7.6 45,215	8.1 45,427	45,895	8.2 45,198	45,598	45,514	8.1 45,687	8.3 45,651	45,867
	45,215	45,427	45,095	45,130	45,550	45,514	45,007	45,051	45,007
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	10.007	10.000	10 700	10.007	10.057	10.000	10.040	10.000	10.700
Civilian labor force	16,967	16,800	16,780	16,967	16,857	16,839	16,819	16,800	16,780 5,757
Civilian labor force	5,684	5,501	5,378	6,075	5,939	5,754	5,927	5,820	5,757
Participation rate	33.5 4,272	32.7	32.0	35.8	35.2	34.2	35.2	34.6	34.3
Employed Employment-population ratio	4,272 25.2	4,165 24.8	4,116 24.5	4,444 26.2	4,383 26.0	4,256 25.3	4,319 25.7	4,393 26.2	4,298 25.6
Unemployed	1,412	1,335	1,262	1,631	1,556	1,497	1,607	1,426	1,460
Unemployment rate	24.8	24.3	23.5	26.8	26.2	26.0	27.1	24.5	25.4
Not in labor force	11,283	11,299	11,402	10,892	10,918	11,085	10,893	10,980	11,022
	,200	,200	, 102	. 5,002	. 5,515	,000	. 5,555	. 5,555	,022

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age [Numbers in thousands]

[Numbers in thousands]	Not se	easonally ad	justed			Seasonally	/ adjusted ¹		
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
WHITE									
Civilian noninstitutional population	191,628	192,641	192,749	191,628	192,245	192,391	192,527	192,641	192,749
Civilian labor force	124,344	124,735	124,309	124,703	125,358	125,333	124,914	124,824	124,700
Participation rate	64.9	64.7	64.5	65.1	65.2	65.1	64.9	64.8	64.7
Employed	113,416	114,254	114,035	113,439	114,457	114,433	113,975	113,728	114,079
Employment-population ratio	59.2	59.3	59.2	59.2	59.5	59.5	59.2	59.0	59.2
Unemployed	10,928	10,481	10,274	11,264	10,901	10,899	10,940	11,096	10,620
Unemployment rate	8.8	8.4	8.3	9.0	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.5
Not in labor force	67,284	67,907	68,439	66,925	66,887	67,058	67,612	67,817	68,049
Men, 20 years and over							·		
Civilian labor force	64,870	65,074	64,978	64,884	65,571	65,579	65,215	65,088	65,041
Participation rate	74.4	74.1	73.9	74.4	74.8	74.8	74.3	74.1	74.0
Employed	58,653	59,492	59,280	58,846	59,720	59,759	59,425	59,137	59,484
Employment-population ratio	67.2	67.7	67.4	67.5	68.2	68.1	67.7	67.3	67.7
Unemployed	6,217	5,583	5,698	6,038	5,850	5,820	5,790	5,951	5,557
Unemployment rate	9.6	8.6	8.8	9.3	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.1	8.5
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	54,823	55,155	54,927	54,817	54,878	54,961	54,846	54,953	54,914
Participation rate	60.0	60.0	59.7	59.9	59.8	59.8	59.7	59.7	59.7
Employed	51,116	51,195	51,261	50,771	50,989	51,000	50,835	50,817	50,920
Employment-population ratio	55.9	55.7	55.7	55.5	55.6	55.5	55.3	55.2	55.3
Unemployed	3,707	3,960	3,667	4,046	3,889	3,961	4,012	4,136	3,994
Unemployment rate	6.8	7.2	6.7	7.4	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	4,651	4,506	4,404	5,002	4,910	4,793	4,853	4,783	4,746
Participation rate	35.9	35.2	34.4	38.6	38.2	37.3	37.8	37.3	37.1
Employed	3,647	3,568	3,494	3,822	3,747	3,674	3,715	3,775	3,676
Employment-population ratio	28.1	27.9	27.3	29.5	29.2	28.6	29.0	29.5	28.7
Unemployed	1,004	938	910	1,180	1,162	1,119	1,138	1,008	1,070
Unemployment rate	21.6	20.8	20.7	23.6	23.7	23.3	23.4	21.1	22.5
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	28,437	28,865	28,896	28,437	28,755	28,794	28,831	28,865	28,896
Civilian labor force.	17,484	17,979	17,835	17,616	17,876	17,777	17,946	18,020	17,958
Participation rate.	61.5	62.3	61.7	61.9	62.2	61.7	62.2	62.4	62.1
•	14,759	15,206	15,120	14,760	14,972	14,920	15,127	15,142	15,119
Employed Employment-population ratio	51.9	52.7	52.3	51.9	52.1	51.8	52.5	52.5	52.3
Unemployed	2,725	2,772	2,715	2,856	2,904	2,857	2,818	2,878	2,839
Unemployment rate	15.6	15.4	15.2	16.2	16.2	16.1	15.7	16.0	15.8
Not in labor force.	10,953	10,886	11,061	10,822	10,879	11,017	10,885	10,845	10,939
Men, 20 years and over	10,955	10,000	11,001	10,022	10,079	11,017	10,003	10,043	10,333
Civilian labor force	7,896	8,084	8,079	7,919	8,080	8,066	8,072	8,099	8,106
	68.7	69.0	68.8	68.9	69.3	69.1	69.0	69.1	69.1
Participation rate Employed	6,579	6,815	6,758	6,588	6,691	6,661	6,763	6,753	6,764
Employment-population ratio	57.3	58.2	57.6	57.4	57.4	57.1	57.8	57.6	57.6
	1,317	1,269	1,321	1,331	1,389	1,405	1,309	1,346	1,341
Unemployed Unemployment rate	16.7	15.7	16.4	16.8	17.2	17.4	16.2	16.6	16.5
Women, 20 years and over	10.7	15.7	10.4	10.0	17.2	17.4	10.2	10.0	10.5
Civilian labor force	8,891	9,238	9,141	8,953	9,114	9,101	9,173	9,228	9,204
Participation rate.	62.2	63.6	62.9	62.7	63.1	62.9	63.3	63.6	63.3
Employed	7,786	8,035	7,998	7,783	7,911	7,948	7,998	8,017	7,993
Employment-population ratio	54.5	55.4	55.0	54.5	54.7	54.9	55.2	55.2	55.0
Unemployed	1,105	1,203	1,143	1,170	1,203	1,152	1,176	1,211	1,211
	12.4	13.0	12.5	13.1	13.2	12.7	12.8	13.1	13.2
Unemployment rate	12.4	13.0	12.5	13.1	13.2	14.7	12.8	13.1	13.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Civilian labor force	698	657	615	744	682	611	700	693	648
	26.2	24.9	23.4	27.9	25.7	23.1	26.5	26.3	24.6
Participation rate	1 1				25.7 370	310	l	372	
Employment population ratio	394	356 13.5	365	389		11.7	366	l	361
Employment-population ratio	14.8	13.5	13.9	14.6	14.0		13.9	14.1	13.7
Unemployed	303	301	250	355	312	300	334	321	287
Unemployment rate	43.5	45.8	40.7	47.7	45.7	49.2	47.7	46.3	44.2
ASIAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	10,904	11,376	11,387	-	-	_	-	-	-
		•							

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age — Continued

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	easonally ad	justed	Seasonally adjusted ¹						
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	
Civilian labor force	7,163	7,335	7,355	_	_	_	-	-	_	
Participation rate	65.7	64.5	64.6	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Employed	6,560	6,780	6,829	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Employment-population ratio	60.2	59.6	60.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Unemployed	602	555	526	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Unemployment rate	8.4	7.6	7.2	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Not in labor force	3,741	4,041	4,032	_	_	_	_	_	_	

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

⁻ Data not available.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not sea	asonally ad	justed			Seasonally	adjusted1		
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY									
Civilian noninstitutional population	33,379	34,102	34,188	33,379	33,836	33,927	34,014	34,102	34,188
Civilian labor force	22,481	22,958	22,929	22,408	22,733	22,896	22,814	22,915	22,868
Participation rate	67.3	67.3	67.1	67.1	67.2	67.5	67.1	67.2	66.9
Employed	19,591	20,042	19,957	19,532	19,991	20,042	19,936	19,899	19,906
Employment-population ratio	58.7	58.8	58.4	58.5	59.1	59.1	58.6	58.4	58.2
Unemployed	2,890	2,916	2,972	2,876	2,742	2,854	2,878	3,016	2,962
Unemployment rate	12.9	12.7	13.0	12.8	12.1	12.5	12.6	13.2	13.0
Not in labor force	10,899	11,145	11,259	10,971	11,102	11,031	11,201	11,188	11,320
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	12,804	13,000	13,115	_	_	_	_	-	_
Participation rate	82.4	81.8	82.3	_	_	_	_	-	_
Employed	11,168	11,454	11,431	_	_	_	_	-	_
Employment-population ratio	71.9	72.1	71.7	-	-	_	-	-	-
Unemployed	1,636	1,546	1,684	-	-	_	-	-	-
Unemployment rate	12.8	11.9	12.8	-	-	_	-	-	-
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	8,720	8,999	8,880	-	-	_	-	-	-
Participation rate	59.4	60.2	59.2	-	_	_	_	-	-
Employed	7,806	7,916	7,892	-	-	_	-	-	-
Employment-population ratio	53.2	52.9	52.7	-	_	_	_	-	-
Unemployed	915	1,083	988	-	-	_	-	-	-
Unemployment rate	10.5	12.0	11.1	-	-	_	-	-	-
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	956	959	934	-	-	_	-	-	-
Participation rate	30.3	29.4	28.6	-	-	_	-	-	-
Employed	617	672	633	-	-	-	_	-	-
Employment-population ratio	19.5	20.6	19.4	_	-	-	_	-	-
Unemployed	340	288	300	_	-	-	_	-	-
Unemployment rate	35.5	30.0	32.2	-	-	_	_	-	_

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

⁻ Data not available.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	justed			Seasonally	y adjusted		
Educational attainment	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
Less than a high school diploma									
Civilian labor force	12,015	11,730	11,773	11,988	11,815	11,828	11,800	11,803	11,758
Participation rate	45.7	46.3	46.1	45.6	46.4	46.7	47.0	46.6	46.0
Employed	10,123	9,943	9,924	10,160	10,143	10,003	9,995	9,955	9,963
Employment-population ratio	38.5	39.3	38.9	38.7	39.8	39.5	39.8	39.3	39.0
Unemployed	1,892	1,788	1,850	1,829	1,673	1,824	1,805	1,848	1,795
Unemployment rate	15.7	15.2	15.7	15.3	14.2	15.4	15.3	15.7	15.3
High school graduates, no college ¹									
Civilian labor force	37,808	37,794	38,231	37,732	38,266	38,151	38,051	37,824	38,203
Participation rate	61.7	61.0	60.9	61.6	61.9	61.9	61.6	61.1	60.9
Employed	33,803	34,178	34,470	33,746	34,352	34,331	34,225	34,035	34,465
Employment-population ratio	55.2	55.2	54.9	55.1	55.5	55.7	55.4	55.0	54.9
Unemployed	4,005	3,616	3,761	3,986	3,915	3,820	3,826	3,789	3,738
Unemployment rate	10.6	9.6	9.8	10.6	10.2	10.0	10.1	10.0	9.8
Some college or associate degree									
Civilian labor force	36,796	37,337	36,763	36,878	37,065	37,115	37,120	37,037	36,809
Participation rate	70.4	70.4	70.1	70.5	70.5	70.5	70.0	69.8	70.2
Employed	33,660	34,247	33,869	33,641	33,850	33,746	33,972	33,832	33,821
Employment-population ratio	64.4	64.6	64.6	64.3	64.4	64.1	64.0	63.8	64.5
Unemployed	3,135	3,090	2,894	3,237	3,215	3,369	3,148	3,205	2,988
Unemployment rate	8.5	8.3	7.9	8.8	8.7	9.1	8.5	8.7	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher ²									
Civilian labor force	45,927	46,330	46,310	45,912	45,677	46,488	46,132	46,322	46,312
Participation rate	77.2	76.6	76.9	77.1	75.8	76.5	76.1	76.6	76.9
Employed	43,752	44,101	44,170	43,654	43,574	44,405	43,971	43,952	44,095
Employment-population ratio	73.5	72.9	73.4	73.3	72.3	73.0	72.6	72.7	73.2
Unemployed	2,175	2,228	2,140	2,258	2,103	2,083	2,161	2,370	2,217
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.7	5.1	4.8

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

Table A-5. Employment status of the civilian population 18 years and over by veteran status, period of service, and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	To	otal	M	en	Wor	men
Employment status, veteran status, and period of service	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010
VETERANS, 18 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	22,000	21,833	20,234	20,039	1,766	1,794
Civilian labor force	11,834	11,534	10,736	10,390	1,098	1,144
Participation rate.	53.8	52.8	53.1	51.8	62.2	63.8
Employed	10,866	10,576	9,846	9,509	1,020	1,067
Employment-population ratio	49.4	48.4	48.7	47.5	57.8	59.5
Unemployed	968	957	891	881	78	77
Unemployment rate	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.5	7.1	6.7
Not in labor force	10,166	10,299	9,498	9,649	668	650
		. 0,200	0,.00	0,0.0		
Gulf War-era II veterans						
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,120	2,242	1,755	1,897	365	345
Civilian labor force	1,768	1,794	1,496	1,558	273	236
Participation rate	83.4	80.0	85.2	82.1	74.7	68.3
Employed	1,628	1,584	1,377	1,374	252	210
Employment-population ratio	76.8	70.7	78.4	72.4	69.0	60.8
Unemployed	140	210	119	184	21	26
Unemployment rate	7.9	11.7	8.0	11.8	7.6	10.9
Not in labor force	352	448	259	339	92	109
Gulf War-era I veterans						
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,825	2,924	2,374	2,470	451	454
Civilian labor force	2,464	2,530	2,124	2,163	340	367
Participation rate	87.2	86.5	89.5	87.6	75.3	80.9
Employed	2,307	2,395	1,987	2,039	320	356
Employment-population ratio.	81.7	81.9	83.7	82.5	70.9	78.5
Unemployed	157	136	137	125	20	11
Unemployment rate	6.4	5.4	6.5	5.8	5.9	3.0
Not in labor force	361	394	250	307	111	87
World War II, Korean War, and Vietnam-era veterans						_
Civilian noninstitutional population	11,130	10,796	10,764	10,448	367	348
Civilian labor force.	4,108	3,847	3,974	3,718	135	129
Participation rate	36.9	35.6	36.9	35.6	36.8	37.2
Employed	3,741	3,516	3,615	3,395	126	122
Employment-population ratio.	33.6	32.6	33.6	32.5	34.4	34.9
	368	331	359	323	9	8
Unemployed Unemployment rate	8.9	8.6	9.0	8.7	6.5	6.1
Not in labor force	7,022	6,949	6,790	6,730	232	219
	7,022	0,949	0,790	0,730	232	219
Veterans of other service periods	F 00F	5 074	5.044	5.004	504	0.47
Civilian Inhar force	5,925	5,871	5,341	5,224	584	647
Civilian labor force.	3,494	3,362	3,143	2,951	351	412
Participation rate	59.0	57.3	58.8	56.5	60.1	63.6
Employed	3,190	3,081	2,867	2,701	323	380
Employment-population ratio	53.8	52.5	53.7	51.7	55.3	58.7
Unemployed	304	281	276	249	28	32
Unemployment rate	8.7	8.4	8.8	8.5	8.0	7.8
Not in labor force	2,431	2,508	2,198	2,273	233	235
NONVETERANS, 18 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	205,980	208,058	89,935	91,143	116,045	116,915
Civilian labor force	138,955	139,806	69,594	70,228	69,361	69,578
Participation rate	67.5	67.2	77.4	77.1	59.8	59.5
Employed	125,705	127,220	61,794	63,082	63,911	64,138
Employment-population ratio	61.0	61.1	68.7	69.2	55.1	54.9
Unemployed	13,250	12,586	7,800	7,146	5,450	5,440
Unemployment rate	9.5	9.0	11.2	10.2	7.9	7.8
Not in labor force	67,025	68,252	20,341	20,915	46,684	47,338

NOTE: Veterans served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and were not on active duty at the time of the survey. Nonveterans never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veterans could have served anywhere in the world during these periods of service: Gulf War era II (September 2001-present), Gulf War era I (August 1990-August 2001), Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975), Korean War (July 1950-January 1955), World War II (December 1941-December 1946), and other service periods (all other time periods). Veterans who served in more than one wartime period are classified only in the most recent one. Veterans who served during one of the selected wartime periods and another period are classified only in the wartime period. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-6. Employment status of the civilian population by sex, age, and disability status, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Poc. 2009 Poc. 2010 Poc.	•	Persons with	h a disability	Persons with	no disability
Civilian noninstitutional population 27,075 26,884 209,849 211,905 Civilian labor force 5,847 5,679 146,845 147,477 Participation rate 21,6 21,0 70,0 69,6 Employed 5,042 4,869 132,910 134,290 Employment-population ratio 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployed 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployment rate 13,8 14,3 9,5 8,9 Not in labor force 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate 36,4 34,6 82,5 82,2 Employed 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employent 310 29,3 73,4 73,9 Unemployment rate 14,9 15,5 11,1 10,1 Not in labor force 2,353 <t< td=""><td>Employment status, sex, and age</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Employment status, sex, and age				
Civilian noninstitutional population 27,075 26,884 209,849 211,905 Civilian labor force 5,847 5,679 146,845 147,477 Participation rate 21,6 21,0 70,0 69,6 Employed 5,042 4,869 132,910 134,290 Employment-population ratio 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployed 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployment rate 13,8 14,3 9,5 8,9 Not in labor force 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate 36,4 34,6 82,5 82,2 Employed 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employent 310 29,3 73,4 73,9 Unemployment rate 14,9 15,5 11,1 10,1 Not in labor force 2,353 <t< td=""><td>TOTAL, 16 years and over</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	TOTAL, 16 years and over				
Participation rate. 21.6 21.0 70.0 69.6 Employed. 5.042 4.869 132,910 134,290 Employment-population ratio. 18.6 18.0 63.3 63.4 Unemployed. 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.3 9.5 8.9 Not in labor force. 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate. 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployed. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Employed. 2,353 2,310 66,663 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 <		27,075	26,984	209,849	211,905
Employed. 5,042 4,869 132,910 134,290 Employment-population ratio. 18.6 18.0 63.3 63.4 Unemployed. 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.3 9.5 8.9 Not in labor force. 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate. 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployent rate 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 20.28 1,966	Civilian labor force	5,847	5,679	146,845	147,477
Employment-population ratio. 18.6 18.0 63.3 63.4 Unemployed. 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.3 9.5 8.89 Not in labor force. 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate. 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,953 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110	Participation rate	21.6	21.0	70.0	69.6
Unemployed 805 810 13,935 13,187 Unemployment rate 13.8 14.3 9.5 8.9 Not in labor force 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployment rate 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed 20.28 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employed 324 344 5,245 5,193	Employed	5,042	4,869	132,910	134,290
Unemployment rate	Employment-population ratio	18.6	18.0	63.3	63.4
Mot in labor force. 21,228 21,305 63,004 64,428 Men, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate. 364 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7,9 7.8	Unemployed	805	810	13,935	13,187
Men, 16 to 64 years 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate. 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Employment rate. 7.1 6.	Unemployment rate	13.8	14.3	9.5	8.9
Civilian labor force 2,629 2,591 74,975 75,101 Participation rate 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employed. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civil	Not in labor force	21,228	21,305	63,004	64,428
Participation rate. 36.4 34.6 82.5 82.2 Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employed. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployment-population ratio. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 <t< td=""><td>Men, 16 to 64 years</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Men, 16 to 64 years				
Employed. 2,238 2,190 66,675 67,517 Employment-population ratio. 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employent-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employment-population ratio. 6.4	Civilian labor force	2,629	2,591	74,975	75,101
Employment-population ratio 31.0 29.3 73.4 73.9 Unemployed 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployment rate 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed 775 713 5,417 5,662 Empl	Participation rate	36.4	34.6	82.5	82.2
Unemployed. 391 401 8,300 7,584 Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employment-population ratio 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0	Employed	2,238	2,190	66,675	67,517
Unemployment rate. 14.9 15.5 11.1 10.1 Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 <td< td=""><td>Employment-population ratio</td><td>31.0</td><td>29.3</td><td>73.4</td><td>73.9</td></td<>	Employment-population ratio	31.0	29.3	73.4	73.9
Not in labor force. 4,602 4,895 15,915 16,208 Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8 <td>Unemployed</td> <td>391</td> <td>401</td> <td>8,300</td> <td>7,584</td>	Unemployed	391	401	8,300	7,584
Women, 16 to 64 years Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Unemployment rate	14.9	15.5	11.1	10.1
Civilian labor force. 2,353 2,310 66,063 66,303 Participation rate. 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Not in labor force	4,602	4,895	15,915	16,208
Participation rate 30.6 31.2 71.2 70.8 Employed 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Women, 16 to 64 years				
Employed. 2,028 1,966 60,818 61,110 Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Civilian labor force	2,353	2,310	66,063	66,303
Employment-population ratio. 26.4 26.5 65.6 65.3 Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Participation rate	30.6	31.2	71.2	70.8
Unemployed. 324 344 5,245 5,193 Unemployment rate. 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Employed	2,028	1,966	60,818	61,110
Unemployment rate 13.8 14.9 7.9 7.8 Not in labor force 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Employment-population ratio	26.4	26.5	65.6	65.3
Not in labor force. 5,339 5,097 26,686 27,339 Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Unemployed	324	344	5,245	5,193
Both sexes, 65 years and over Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Unemployment rate	13.8	14.9	7.9	7.8
Civilian labor force. 865 778 5,807 6,073 Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Not in labor force	5,339	5,097	26,686	27,339
Participation rate. 7.1 6.4 22.2 22.5 Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Both sexes, 65 years and over				
Employed. 775 713 5,417 5,662 Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Civilian labor force	865	778	5,807	6,073
Employment-population ratio. 6.4 5.9 20.7 21.0 Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Participation rate	7.1	6.4	22.2	22.5
Unemployed. 89 65 390 410 Unemployment rate. 10.3 8.4 6.7 6.8	Employed	775	713	5,417	5,662
Unemployment rate	Employment-population ratio	6.4	5.9	20.7	21.0
	Unemployed	89	65	390	410
Not in labor force	Unemployment rate	10.3	8.4	6.7	6.8
	Not in labor force	11,287	11,312	20,403	20,881

NOTE: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-7. Employment status of the civilian population by nativity and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	То	tal	Me	en	Women		
Employment status and nativity	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	
Foreign born, 16 years and over							
Civilian noninstitutional population	35,575	36,545	17,932	18,042	17,643	18,503	
Civilian labor force	23,920	24,783	14,179	14,441	9,741	10,342	
Participation rate	67.2	67.8	79.1	80.0	55.2	55.9	
Employed	21,290	22,153	12,517	12,856	8,773	9,297	
Employment-population ratio	59.8	60.6	69.8	71.3	49.7	50.2	
Unemployed	2,630	2,630	1,662	1,584	968	1,045	
Unemployment rate	11.0	10.6	11.7	11.0	9.9	10.1	
Not in labor force	11,655	11,762	3,753	3,602	7,902	8,160	
Native born, 16 years and over							
Civilian noninstitutional population	201,349	202,344	96,795	97,689	104,554	104,655	
Civilian labor force	128,773	128,373	67,064	67,063	61,709	61,310	
Participation rate	64.0	63.4	69.3	68.6	59.0	58.6	
Employed	116,663	117,006	59,741	60,370	56,922	56,636	
Employment-population ratio	57.9	57.8	61.7	61.8	54.4	54.1	
Unemployed	12,110	11,367	7,323	6,693	4,787	4,674	
Unemployment rate	9.4	8.9	10.9	10.0	7.8	7.6	
Not in labor force	72,576	73,971	29,732	30,626	42,845	43,345	

NOTE: The foreign born are those residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents neither of whom was a U.S. citizen. The native born are persons who were born in the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-8. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

[In thousands]

	Not se	asonally ac	djusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Category	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
CLASS OF WORKER									
Agriculture and related industries	1,952	2,127	2,037	2,079	2,187	2,172	2,348	2,185	2,176
Wage and salary workers	1,228	1,347	1,295	1,313	1,306	1,310	1,446	1,385	1,384
Self-employed workers	707	749	720	760	852	798	823	771	775
Unpaid family workers	17	30	22	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nonagricultural industries	136,001	137,289	137,123	135,854	136,957	137,266	136,797	136,752	137,001
Wage and salary workers	127,003	128,468	128,436	126,605	128,215	128,438	127,852	127,728	128,043
Government	21,128	20,745	20,745	21,146	20,564	20,855	20,717	20,600	20,759
Private industries	105,875	107,723	107,691	105,481	107,709	107,451	107,100	107,146	107,303
Private households	736	650	635	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other industries	105,139	107,073	107,056	104,738	107,057	106,859	106,470	106,516	106,665
Self-employed workers	8,915	8,727	8,589	9,119	8,715	8,752	8,862	8,832	8,783
Unpaid family workers	83	93	97	_	_	_	_	_	_
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME ¹									
All industries									
Part time for economic reasons ²	9,354	8,670	9,205	9,093	8,883	9,506	9,100	8,960	8,931
Slack work or business conditions	6,758	5,897	6,347	6,397	6,357	6,732	6,174	6,025	6,011
Could only find part-time work	2,286	2,487	2,499	2,362	2,379	2,478	2,564	2,557	2,568
Part time for noneconomic reasons ³	19,082	19,290	18,872	18,359	18,566	18,256	18,230	18,326	18,184
Nonagricultural industries									
Part time for economic reasons ²	9,222	8,526	9,029	8,993	8,752	9,380	8,991	8,822	8,789
Slack work or business conditions	6,672	5,805	6,230	6,327	6,276	6,649	6,108	5,941	5,911
Could only find part-time work	2,267	2,468	2,470	2,340	2,347	2,454	2,534	2,555	2,542
Part time for noneconomic reasons ³	18,740	18,928	18,525	18,020	18,175	17,911	17,848	17,929	17,829

¹ Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey reference week and excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for an economic reason such as slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, or seasonal declines in demand.

³ Refers to persons who usually work part time for noneconomic reasons such as childcare problems, family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and other reasons. This excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as vacations, holidays, illness, and bad weather.

⁻ Data not available.

Table A-9. Selected employment indicators

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	easonally adj	usted			Seasonally	/ adjusted		
Characteristic	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	137,953	139,415	139,159	137,960	139,267	139,378	139,084	138,909	139,20
16 to 19 years	4,272	4,165	4,116	4,444	4,383	4,256	4,319	4,393	4,29
16 to 17 years	1,381	1,369	1,363	1,446	1,413	1,405	1,434	1,440	1,43
18 to 19 years	2,891	2,796	2,753	3,005	2,979	2,857	2,894	2,961	2,86
20 years and over	133,680	135,250	135,044	133,516	134,885	135,121	134,764	134,515	134,90
20 to 24 years	12,343	12,781	12,611	12,426	12,838	12,825	12,774	12,774	12,71
25 years and over	121,337	122,469	122,433	121,095	122,110	122,254	121,910	121,744	122,19
25 to 54 years	94,030	94,347	94.156	93,838	94,060	94,076	94,011	93,723	93,96
25 to 34 years	29,875	30,458	30,384	29,829	30,341	30,321	30,323	30,214	30,34
35 to 44 years	30,831	30,715	30,528	30,748	30,598	30,538	30,650	30,527	30,44
45 to 54 years	33,325	33,175	33,244	33,260	33,120	33,217	33,037	32,982	33,17
55 years and over	27,307	28,122	28,276	27,257	28,051	28,178	27,899	28,021	28,23
·									
Men, 16 years and over	72,258	73,540	73,226	72,609	73,600	73,594	73,470	73,337	73,60
16 to 19 years	2,008	2,069	1,991	2,129	2,095	2,035	2,106	2,206	2,12
16 to 17 years	618	627	635	673	671	662	660	688	69
18 to 19 years	1,389	1,443	1,356	1,449	1,437	1,371	1,443	1,524	1,42
20 years and over	70,251	71,471	71,235	70,479	71,505	71,559	71,365	71,130	71,48
20 to 24 years	6,127	6,473	6,438	6,245	6,573	6,533	6,542	6,502	6,56
25 years and over	64,124	64,998	64,798	64,224	64,976	65,005	64,803	64,617	64,90
25 to 54 years	49,905	50,304	50,049	49,970	50,345	50,306	50,209	49,970	50,11
25 to 34 years	16,146	16,491	16,443	16,127	16,495	16,436	16,434	16,331	16,42
35 to 44 years	16,615	16,652	16,511	16,631	16,603	16,547	16,573	16,543	16,52
45 to 54 years	17,144	17,162	17,095	17,212	17,247	17,324	17,202	17,096	17,16
55 years and over	14,219	14,693	14,749	14,253	14,630	14,699	14,594	14,648	14,78
Women, 16 years and over	65,694	65,875	65,933	65,351	65,667	65,784	65,613	65,572	65,60
16 to 19 years	2,265	2,096	2,125	2,315	2,288	2,221	2,214	2,187	2,17
16 to 17 years	763	742	728	772	742	743	774	752	73
18 to 19 years	1,502	1,354	1,397	1,556	1,542	1,486	1,452	1,437	1,44
20 years and over	63,430	63,779	63,809	63,037	63,379	63,562	63,400	63,385	63,42
20 to 24 years	6,216	6,308	6,174	6,182	6,265	6,292	6,232	6,272	6,14
25 years and over	57,213	57,471	57,635	56,871	57,135	57,249	57,106	57,127	57,29
25 to 54 years	44,125	44,042	44,108	43,867	43,714	43,770	43,801	43,753	43,84
25 to 34 years	13,728	13,967	13,941	13,702	13,846	13,885	13,889	13,883	13,91
35 to 44 years	14,215	14,063	14,017	14,118	13,995	13,992	14,077	13,983	13,92
45 to 54 years	16,181	16,013	16,150	16,048	15,873	15,894	15,836	15,887	16,00
55 years and over	13,089	13,429	13,527	13,004	13,420	13,479	13,305	13,374	13,44
-	10,000	10,120	10,027	10,001	10,120	10,170	10,000	10,071	10,11
MARITAL STATUS	40.064	40.000	40 110	40.000	40 410	40.701	40.001	40 100	40.00
Married men, spouse present.	43,364	43,296	43,119	43,323	43,418	43,701	43,301	43,130	43,08
Married women, spouse present	35,198	34,725	34,850	34,962	34,271	34,469	34,553	34,543	34,61
Women who maintain families	8,403	8,817	8,878	-	-	-	-	-	
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ¹	109,875	111,348	111,207	110,403	111,805	111,710	111,585	111,187	111,74
Part-time workers ²	28,078	28,068	27,953	27,492	27,711	27,649	27,433	27,594	27,39
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS									
Total multiple jobholders	6,886	6,816	6,884	6,936	6,805	6,687	6,679	6,734	6,95
Percent of total employed	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.

¹ Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

⁻ Data not available.

Table A-10. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic		Number of nployed per n thousand	rsons			Unemploy	ment rates		
	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	15,212	15,041	14,485	9.9	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
16 to 19 years	1,631	1,426	1,460	26.8	26.2	26.0	27.1	24.5	25.4
16 to 17 years	613	476	533	29.8	31.2	30.0	30.3	24.9	27.1
18 to 19 years	1,027	947	933	25.5	23.8	23.3	24.7	24.2	24.5
20 years and over	13,581	13,615	13,025	9.2	9.0	8.9	9.0	9.2	8.8
20 to 24 years	2,310	2,418	2,296	15.7	14.9	14.9	15.3	15.9	15.3
25 years and over	11,245	11,188	10,716	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.4	8.1
25 to 54 years	9,184	8,983	8,674	8.9	8.6	8.7	8.5	8.7	8.5
25 to 34 years	3,388	3,513	3,418	10.2	9.8	10.0	9.9	10.4	10.1
35 to 44 years	2,956	2,558	2,566	8.8	7.8	8.3	7.9	7.7	7.8
45 to 54 years	2,840	2,912	2,690	7.9	8.2	7.7	7.8	8.1	7.5
55 years and over	2,119	2,184	2,088	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	6.9
Men, 16 years and over	8,925	8,649	8,245	10.9	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.1
16 to 19 years	941	800	818	30.7	29.5	29.3	29.4	26.6	27.8
16 to 17 years	333	274	284	33.1	32.8	33.3	33.8	28.5	29.0
18 to 19 years	613	523	536	29.7	27.8	26.2	26.8	25.5	27.4
20 years and over	7,983	7,849	7,426	10.2	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.4
20 to 24 years	1,424	1,440	1,340	18.6	17.3	17.1	16.5	18.1	16.9
25 years and over	6,547	6,417	6,079	9.3	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.0	8.6
25 to 54 years	5,337	5,145	4,926	9.7	9.2	9.3	9.1	9.3	8.9
25 to 34 years	2,011	2,002	1,950	11.1	10.5	10.8	10.4	10.9	10.6
35 to 44 years	1,641	1,417	1,418	9.0	8.2	8.6	8.2	7.9	7.9
45 to 54 years	1,685	1,726	1,558	8.9	9.0	8.6	8.6	9.2	8.3
55 years and over	1,210	1,272	1,152	7.8	8.5	7.9	8.3	8.0	7.2
Women, 16 years and over	6,287	6,392	6,240	8.8	8.6	8.6	8.8	8.9	8.7
16 to 19 years	689	626	641	22.9	22.9	22.8	24.8	22.3	22.8
16 to 17 years	280	202	248	26.6	29.6	26.8	27.0	21.2	25.2
18 to 19 years	414	425	397	21.0	19.7	20.4	22.6	22.8	21.5
20 years and over	5,598	5,766	5,599	8.2	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.1
20 to 24 years	886	978	956	12.5	12.3	12.4	13.9	13.5	13.5
25 years and over	4,698	4,771	4,638	7.6	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.5
25 to 54 years	3,846	3,838	3,747	8.1	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.1	7.9
25 to 34 years	1,376	1,511	1,468	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.4	9.8	9.5
35 to 44 years	1,315	1,141	1,147	8.5	7.2	8.1	7.5	7.5	7.6
45 to 54 years	1,156	1,186	1,132	6.7	7.2	6.7	6.9	6.9	6.6
55 years and over ¹	800	887	830	5.8	6.9	6.4	5.9	6.2	5.8
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present	3,357	3,214	3,047	7.2	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.6
Married women, spouse present	2,184	2,118	2,046	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.6
Women who maintain families ¹	1,258	1,317	1,207	13.0	13.4	12.9	12.4	13.0	12.0
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ²	13,370	13,298	12,650	10.8	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.7	10.2
Part-time workers ³	1,788	1,690	1,764	6.1	6.7	6.1	6.3	5.8	6.0

¹ Not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.

³ Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

HOUSEHOLD DATA Table A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	justed			Seasonally	y adjusted		
Reason	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	9,822	8,926	8,995	9,688	9,285	9,286	9,070	9,471	8,923
On temporary layoff	1,683	1,172	1,547	1,530	1,505	1,340	1,293	1,430	1,402
Not on temporary layoff	8,140	7,754	7,448	8,158	7,780	7,947	7,777	8,042	7,521
Permanent job losers	6,718	6,183	5,917	6,736	6,411	6,467	6,254	6,425	5,995
Persons who completed temporary jobs	1,422	1,571	1,530	1,422	1,368	1,479	1,523	1,617	1,526
Job leavers	860	852	861	916	868	809	854	864	914
Reentrants	3,012	3,348	3,031	3,385	3,418	3,441	3,498	3,427	3,408
New entrants	1,046	1,156	1,110	1,244	1,260	1,193	1,278	1,269	1,311
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	66.6	62.5	64.3	63.6	62.6	63.0	61.7	63.0	61.3
On temporary layoff	11.4	8.2	11.1	10.0	10.1	9.1	8.8	9.5	9.6
Not on temporary layoff	55.2	54.3	53.2	53.6	52.5	54.0	52.9	53.5	51.7
Job leavers	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.8	6.3
Reentrants	20.4	23.4	21.7	22.2	23.0	23.4	23.8	22.8	23.4
New entrants	7.1	8.1	7.9	8.2	8.5	8.1	8.7	8.4	9.0
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	6.4	5.8	5.9	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.2	5.8
Job leavers	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Reentrants	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2
New entrants	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	8.0	8.0	0.8	0.8	0.9

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ac	ljusted			Seasonally	y adjusted		
Duration	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks	2,871	2,639	2,681	2,908	2,756	2,872	2,659	2,824	2,725
5 to 14 weeks	3,335	3,152	3,043	3,483	3,604	3,329	3,427	3,336	3,184
15 weeks and over	8,534	8,491	8,273	8,913	8,471	8,517	8,734	8,843	8,647
15 to 26 weeks	2,638	2,233	2,073	2,781	2,210	2,364	2,500	2,515	2,205
27 weeks and over	5,896	6,258	6,200	6,133	6,261	6,153	6,234	6,328	6,441
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	29.0	34.5	34.0	29.3	33.5	33.4	33.9	33.9	34.2
Median duration, in weeks	20.2	21.7	22.3	20.4	20.6	20.5	21.3	21.7	22.4
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Less than 5 weeks	19.5	18.5	19.2	19.0	18.6	19.5	17.9	18.8	18.7
5 to 14 weeks	22.6	22.1	21.7	22.8	24.3	22.6	23.1	22.2	21.9
15 weeks and over	57.9	59.5	59.1	58.2	57.1	57.9	58.9	58.9	59.4
15 to 26 weeks	17.9	15.6	14.8	18.2	14.9	16.1	16.9	16.8	15.2
27 weeks and over	40.0	43.8	44.3	40.1	42.2	41.8	42.1	42.2	44.3

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-13. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Occuration	Emp	loyed	Unem	ployed	Unemployment rates		
Occupation	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	
Total, 16 years and over ¹	137,953	139,159	14,740	13,997	9.7	9.1	
Management, professional, and related occupations	52,131	51,704	2,509	2,468	4.6	4.6	
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	20,944	20,393	1,157	1,243	5.2	5.7	
Professional and related occupations	31,188	31,310	1,352	1,225	4.2	3.8	
Service occupations	24,216	24,717	2,747	2,696	10.2	9.8	
Sales and office occupations	33,296	33,407	3,184	3,023	8.7	8.3	
Sales and related occupations	15,478	15,521	1,520	1,407	8.9	8.3	
Office and administrative support occupations	17,819	17,885	1,664	1,616	8.5	8.3	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	12,617	12,666	2,802	2,407	18.2	16.0	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	869	925	242	268	21.8	22.5	
Construction and extraction occupations	7,106	6,849	2,067	1,785	22.5	20.7	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,642	4,892	494	354	9.6	6.7	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	15,692	16,666	2,425	2,245	13.4	11.9	
Production occupations	7,420	8,339	1,281	1,109	14.7	11.7	
Transportation and material moving occupations	8,272	8,327	1,144	1,137	12.2	12.0	

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-14. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	unem	ber of ployed sons usands)	Unemployment rates		
	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	
Total, 16 years and over¹ Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers. Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction. Construction. Manufacturing. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Wholesale and retail trade. Transportation and utilities. Information. Financial activities. Professional and business services. Education and health services. Leisure and hospitality.		13,997 11,008 83 1,749 1,551 999 551 1,698 428 244 568 1,477 1,139 1,580	9.7 10.2 11.8 22.7 11.9 13.3 9.5 9.1 9.0 8.5 7.2 10.3 5.6	9.1 9.3 10.8 20.7 10.0 10.4 9.4 8.2 7.4 8.1 6.4 10.2 5.2 12.0	
Other services	513	491	8.2	7.9	
Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers	292	278	19.7	18.1	
Government workers	797	950	3.6	4.4	
Self-employed and unpaid family workers	609	650	5.9	6.5	

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-15. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

[Percent]

	Not se	asonally ad	djusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Measure	Dec. 2009	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Dec. 2010
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.6
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force	6.4	5.8	5.9	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.2	5.8
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	9.7	9.3	9.1	9.9	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers	10.2	10.0	9.9	10.5	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.2
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other persons marginally attached to the labor force, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force	11.1	10.8	10.7	11.4	11.0	11.0	11.2	11.2	10.9
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor									
force	17.1	16.3	16.6	17.2	16.7	17.1	17.0	17.0	16.7

NOTE: Persons marginally attached to the labor force are those who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for work. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but have had to settle for a part-time schedule. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-16. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	То	tal	Me	en	Wor	men
Category	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010	Dec. 2009	Dec. 2010
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE						
Total not in the labor force	84,231	85,733	33,485	34,228	50,747	51,505
Persons who currently want a job	5,939	6,212	2,896	2,936	3,043	3,276
Marginally attached to the labor force ¹	2,486	2,609	1,384	1,326	1,102	1,283
Discouraged workers ²	929	1,318	594	829	334	489
Other persons marginally attached to the labor force ³	1,558	1,291	790	497	768	794
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS						
Total multiple jobholders ⁴	6,886	6,884	3,369	3,259	3,517	3,625
Percent of total employed	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.5	5.4	5.5
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	3,641	3,514	2,010	1,889	1,632	1,624
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,818	1,916	549	596	1,268	1,320
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	202	251	123	156	79	95
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,198	1,164	670	597	528	567

¹ Data refer to persons who want a job, have searched for work during the prior 12 months, and were available to take a job during the reference week, but had not looked for work in the past 4 weeks.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for reasons such as thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

³ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well as a number for whom reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

⁴ Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail [In thousands]

1								Nov. 2010 Dec. 2010 T12				
Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p					
130,448	131,600	131,871	131,514	129,588	130,538	130,609	130,712	103				
107,623	108,970	109,124	108,919	107,107	108,261	108,340	108,453	113				
17,871	18,359	18,257	17,989	17,906	18,048	18,043	18,041	-2				
676	769	771	770	676	759	764	768	4				
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I .			l					1				
	l		l				l	1				
79.6	84.9	85.2	85.8	79.2	84.8	84.9	l	1				
264.4	327.9	331.1	337.8	261.9	323.7	328.5	333.2	1				
5.615	5 950	5 762	5 501	5 606	5 621	5.610	5 602	16				
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11,580	11,740	11,724	11,718	11,534	11,668	11,660	11,670	10				
7,079	7,225	7,230	7,236	7,036	7,186	7,184	7,194	10				
347.9	345.8	345.8	343.7	348.9	343.8	344.1	344.3	0.2				
379.4	391.5	388.3	376.2	383.9	383.3	382.0	379.6	-2.4				
353.4	376.3	375.5	376.8	351.8	374.6	374.2	375.1	0.9				
1,277.4	1,335.2	1,334.4	1,336.3	1,266.8	1,322.4	1,324.8	1,328.9	4.1				
982.0	1,008.1	1,010.3	1,010.9	973.2	1,001.2	1,001.6	998.8	-2.8				
1,098.5	1,102.1	1,105.9	1,111.8	1,093.3	1,103.2	1,104.0	1,107.6	3.6				
159.3	162.3	163.6	165.5	158.3	162.3	162.6	163.3	0.7				
119.3	123.3	123.1	123.6	119.0	123.3	123.1	123.6	0.5				
361.9	368.6	369.1	371.8	359.7	368.8	368.9	370.7	1.8				
409.6	403.1	404.7	405.7	408.9	403.9	404.6	405.4	0.8				
362.7	375.4	374.2	375.5	361.8	374.7	373.1	375.8	2.7				
1,334.1	1,353.3	1,360.0	1,372.2	1,316.6	1,351.0	1,351.6	1,357.1	5.5				
667.1	688.5	694.6	702.4	652.2	686.2	686.3	689.6	3.3				
364.8	357.1	354.5	353.0	363.9	356.1	354.1	352.6	-1.5				
579.1	580.1	581.0	579.8	575.6	575.8	574.7	573.9	-0.8				
4.501	4.515	4.494	4.482	4.498	4.482	4.476	4.476	0				
		1,459.6						2.4				
180.8	189.2	185.9	181.1	183.6	184.9	185.4	183.5	-1.9				
123.8	123.8	124.2	125.0	124.2	123.6	123.8	124.8	1.0				
123.3	121.4	118.9	117.7	122.1	119.9	117.7	117.7	0.0				
164.5	164.2	162.3	163.6	166.0	164.4	163.7	165.0	1.3				
28.4	30.1	29.9	30.6	28.4	29.8	30.0	30.3	0.3				
398.3	398.5	397.3	397.4	397.6	398.3	396.6	396.8	0.2				
504.3	490.6	492.9	488.1	501.0	488.5	488.8	484.8	-4.0				
108.9	117.2	113.5	105.3	112.3	113.9	112.4	110.6	-1.8				
792.0	772.8	773.8	775.0	791.2	775.1	773.6	772.7	-0.9				
616.7	635.2	635.5	638.5	616.4	634.1	635.4	639.0	3.6				
89,752	90,611	90,867	90,930	89,201	90,213	90,297	90,412	115				
25,251	24,931	25,275	25,462	24,653	24,849	24,849	24,880	31				
5,581.9	5,625.9	5,634.2	5,639.9	5,564.0	5,605.0	5,610.2	5,619.0	8.8				
2,772.4	2,795.1	2,801.5	2,811.5	2,766.7	2,787.5	2,793.3	2,800.5	7.2				
1,982.1	1,985.6	1,987.6	1,980.8	1,974.3	1,976.0	1,974.0	1,974.3	0.3				
827.4	845.2	845.1	847.6	823.0	841.5	842.9	844.2	1.3				
14 871 1	14 498 0	14 815 6	14 997 5	14 360 0	14 483 1	14 463 7	14 475 7	12.0				
1			l	1				7.5				
1,007.0	1,030.7	1,033.1	1,034.0	1,014.0	1,049.5	1,030.9	1,038.1	4.9				
. 1,007.0	1.000.7	,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,017.0	1,021.0	1,000.2	1 1,000.1	1 7.0				
	2009 130,448 107,623 17,871 676 47.5 628.1 159.7 204.0 79.6 264.4 5,615 1,282.5 600.5 682.0 763.3 3,568.9 1,538.6 2,030.5 11,580 7,079 347.9 379.4 353.4 1,277.4 982.0 1,098.5 159.3 119.3 361.9 409.6 362.7 1,334.1 667.1 364.8 579.1 4,501 1,459.9 180.8 123.8 123.3 164.5 28.4 398.3 504.3 108.9 792.0 616.7 89,752 25,251 5,581.9 2,772.4 1,982.1 827.4 14,871.1 1,611.2	2009 2010 130,448 131,600 107,623 108,970 17,871 18,359 676 769 47.5 49.1 628.1 720.2 159.7 169.4 204.0 222.9 79.6 84.9 264.4 327.9 5,615 5,850 1,282.5 1,292.9 600.5 589.8 682.0 703.1 763.3 894.0 3,568.9 3,662.7 1,538.6 1,576.3 2,030.5 2,086.4 11,580 11,740 7,079 7,225 347.9 345.8 379.4 391.5 353.4 376.3 1,277.4 1,335.2 982.0 1,008.1 1,098.5 1,102.1 159.3 162.3 119.3 123.3 361.9 368.6 409.6 403.1	130,448	130,448	130,448	130,448	130,448	130,448				

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail — Continued

[In thousands]

		Not season	ally adjusted		Sea	asonally adjus	adjusted			
Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Change from: Nov. 2010 Dec. 2010	
Retail trade - Continued										
Electronics and appliance stores	499.1	494.3	512.3	514.2	477.2	491.7	491.4	490.2	-1.2	
Building material and garden supply stores	1,121.5	1,123.2	1,113.2	1,106.0	1,150.0	1,137.1	1,133.8	1,134.5	0.7	
Food and beverage stores	2,827.0	2,811.4	2,831.1	2,833.3	2,799.8	2,807.7	2,806.8	2,807.3	0.5	
Health and personal care stores	996.2	969.3	978.0	978.6	978.7	971.0	968.4	960.8	-7.6	
Gasoline stations	820.8	820.7	817.8	814.5	822.5	818.6	818.9	819.1	0.2	
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,495.2	1,416.1	1,496.3	1,557.8	1,360.9	1,415.6	1,412.9	1,419.0	6.1	
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	659.5	607.6	630.0	655.8	606.9	602.4	600.2	600.8	0.6	
General merchandise stores ¹	3,125.1	2,942.8	3,091.8	3,164.3	2,911.8	2,955.0	2,943.9	2,945.3	1.4	
Department stores	1,623.1	1,479.7	1,593.2	1,656.9	1,458.7	1,490.8	1,483.8	1,484.5	0.7	
Miscellaneous store retailers	793.6	776.3	784.6	787.7	769.4	768.3	767.0	764.9	-2.1	
Nonstore retailers	457.0	431.5	447.3	460.6	419.8	421.3	419.7	421.8	2.1	
Transportation and warehousing	4,240.1	4,254.9	4,274.4	4,274.0	4,171.8	4,208.2	4,223.5	4,232.3	8.8	
Air transportation	451.6	454.9	453.5	455.6	453.8	454.7	454.9	455.6	0.7	
Rail transportation	213.7	222.7	223.8	223.7	213.7	222.4	223.0	223.6	0.6	
Water transportation	62.9	65.4	64.5	64.8	63.3	64.9	65.1	65.2	0.1	
Truck transportation	1,234.5	1,264.8	1,260.6	1,251.1	1,231.3	1,243.9	1,247.5	1,250.1	2.6	
Transit and ground passenger				·				·		
transportation	429.0	453.6	453.1	455.3	414.6	437.1	436.6	439.1	2.5	
Pipeline transportation	40.8	39.1	39.1	39.1	40.7	38.9	38.9	39.1	0.2	
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	24.4	29.6	24.6	22.4	28.1	28.2	27.7	26.5	-1.2	
Support activities for transportation	542.6	549.8	548.4	549.0	538.5	546.2	545.7	545.4	-0.3	
Couriers and messengers	596.7	521.0	543.5	555.2	553.6	524.2	533.1	536.4	3.3	
Warehousing and storage	643.9	654.0	663.3	657.8	634.2	647.7	651.0	651.3	0.3	
Utilities	557.6	552.4	551.0	550.5	557.2	552.8	551.8	552.9	1.1	
Information	2,763	2,708	2,728	2,721	2,748	2,713	2,715	2,711	-4	
Publishing industries, except Internet	774.5	759.9	763.7	763.0	769.3	759.9	759.8	759.4	-0.4	
Motion picture and sound recording industries.	344.7	347.0	357.3	353.9	341.7	351.4	353.5	354.9	1.4	
Broadcasting, except Internet	296.4	299.1	299.6	298.8	294.3	297.8	297.3	296.7	-0.6	
Telecommunications	960.0	916.2	918.9	916.5	956.9	916.3	916.0	911.5	-4.5	
Data processing, hosting and related										
Services Other information services	250.6 136.3	244.3 141.5	245.7 142.9	246.0 142.8	250.2 135.3	245.2 141.9	245.2 142.7	245.4 142.7	0.2	
Financial activities.	7,667	7,586	7,577	7,590	7,657	7,585	7,581	7,585	4	
Finance and insurance.	5.704.2	5,648.0	5,653.2	5,657.9	5,693.7	5,650.8	5,650.2	5,650.8	0.6	
Monetary authorities - central bank	21.0	21.3	21.8	21.8	21.1	21.5	21.8	21.9	0.0	
Credit intermediation and related activities ¹	2,572.7	2,573.2	2,573.9	2,575.8	2,570.9	2,575.4	2,575.0	2,575.1	0.1	
Depository credit intermediation ¹	1,752.6	1,764.7	1,765.2	1,768.0	1,750.3	1,766.5	1,766.8	1,768.3	1.5	
Commercial banking	1,312.3	1,323.1	1,703.2	1,700.0	1,310.8	1,700.3	1,324.8	1,326.9	2.1	
Securities, commodity contracts,	1,012.3	1,020.1	1,022.7	1,020.0	1,010.0	1,024.4	1,024.0	1,020.9	2.1	
investments	799.6	796.9	799.0	805.3	795.9	797.3	798.6	803.0	4.4	
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,224.0	2,171.2	2,172.9	2,169.6	2,219.6	2,171.6	2,169.3	2,165.6	-3.7	
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	86.9	85.4	85.6	85.4	86.2	85.0	85.5	85.2	-0.3	
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,962.7	1,938.2	1,923.4	1,932.1	1,963.3	1,934.2	1,930.9	1,934.5	3.6	
Real estate	1,408.6	1,383.1	1,377.6	1,387.5	1,403.5	1,379.8	1,378.8	1,384.7	5.9	
Rental and leasing services	528.3	530.8	521.7	520.2	534.2	530.0	527.9	525.6	-2.3	
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	25.8	24.3	24.1	24.4	25.6	24.4	24.2	24.2	0.0	
Professional and business services	16,569	16,995	17,020	16,951	16,488	16,798	16,847	16,854	7	
Professional and technical services ¹	7,471.5	7,404.9	7,436.4	7,475.6	7,431.5	7,428.0	7,436.0	7,437.4	1.4	
Legal services	1,107.5	1,107.9	1,107.2	1,111.6	1,104.5	1,107.6	1,106.7	1,105.7	-1.0	
Accounting and bookkeeping services	925.4	813.0	824.7	859.3	915.8	875.3	873.2	862.5	-10.7	
Architectural and engineering services	1,291.9	1,285.0	1,284.4	1,277.3	1,291.7	1,275.4	1,276.1	1,274.8	-1.3	
Computer systems design and related services.	1,435.4	1,481.8	1,486.8	1,488.9	1,428.3	1,473.6	1,475.7	1,481.0	5.3	
	1,005.1			·				·		
Management and technical consulting		1,005.8	1,013.8	1,018.4	993.3	996.2	1,000.8	1,003.7	2.9	
services	1	1 005 0	1 005 4	10/10	1 010 0	1 004 0	1 005 1	1 000 4	1 10	
	1,828.4 7,269.4	1,835.3 7,754.9	1,835.1 7,748.1	1,841.2 7,634.3	1,819.8 7,236.4	1,834.9 7,535.5	1,835.1 7,575.5	1,836.4 7,580.1	1.3 4.6	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

— Continued

[In thousands]

Industry		Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						
	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Change from: Nov. 2010- Dec. 2010 ^p			
Administrative and waste services - Continued												
Administrative and support services ¹	6,922.8	7,395.9	7,390.8	7,280.8	6,888.7	7,179.8	7,220.2	7,224.9	4.7			
Employment services ¹	2,659.7	2,985.1	3,013.6	3,002.9	2,575.0	2,844.9	2,880.4	2,888.7	8.3			
Temporary help services	1,981.8	2,293.1	2,313.4	2,304.7	1,911.0	2,172.4	2,203.5	2,219.4	15.9			
Business support services	826.7	807.9	820.2	826.4	805.3	800.8	803.1	805.3	2.2			
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,654.2	1,783.2	1,739.7	1,645.8	1,725.9	1,730.7	1,725.6	1,723.7	-1.9			
Waste management and remediation services	346.6	359.0	357.3	353.5	347.7	355.7	355.3	355.2	-0.1			
Education and health services	19,520	19,853	19,956	19,941	19,350	19,691	19,728	19,772	44			
Educational services	3.226.3	3,315.7	3,360.3	3,310.0	3,107.3	3,170.4	3,180.9	3,187.4	6.5			
Health care and social assistance	16,294.1	16,537.1	16,595.8	16,631.4	16,242.5	16,520.6	16,547.2	16,584.3	37.1			
Health care ³	13,675.3	13,859.3	13,898.0	13,937.5	13,640.6	13,852.9	13,870.7	13,906.4	35.7			
Ambulatory health care services ¹	5,866.4	5,986.3	6,001.9	6,027.3	5,847.2	5,980.5	5,986.8	6,007.4	20.6			
Offices of physicians	2,318.5	2,333.3	2,338.9	2,348.4	2,306.5	2,330.7	2,331.9	2,335.2	3.3			
Outpatient care centers	547.4	559.6	561.0	568.8	546.2	559.6	559.8	566.3	6.5			
Home health care services	1,053.2	1,085.1	1,092.4	1,095.3	1,051.0	1,083.6	1,087.5	1,091.8	4.3			
Hospitals	4,701.2	4,729.0	4,742.4	4,750.1	4,694.4	4,728.8	4,736.5	4,744.5	8.0			
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹	3,107.7	3,144.0	3,153.7	3,160.1	3,099.0	3,143.6	3,147.4	3,154.5	7.1			
Nursing care facilities	1,653.2	1,664.0	1,670.9	1,672.0	1,648.2	1,663.6	1,665.6	1,667.5	1.9			
Social assistance ¹	2,618.8	2,677.8	2,697.8	2,693.9	2,601.9	2,667.7	2,676.5	2,677.9	1.4			
Child day care services	872.5	881.1	888.0	882.8	858.9	870.1	871.2	869.4	-1.8			
Leisure and hospitality	12,691	13,128	12,930	12,911	12,991	13,172	13,184	13,231	47			
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,739.0	1,855.8	1,750.9	1,762.6	1,886.5	1,898.6	1,898.3	1,916.5	18.2			
Performing arts and spectator sports	376.2	410.8	400.7	401.0	391.8	407.9	415.8	417.7	1.9			
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	121.9	127.8	123.4	120.6	129.0	127.6	127.9	128.1	0.2			
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,240.9	1,317.2	1,226.8	1,241.0	1,365.7	1,363.1	1,354.6	1,370.7	16.1			
Accommodation and food services	10,951.5	11,272.0	11,179.0	11,148.1	11,104.5	11,272.9	11,285.5	11,314.6	29.1			
Accommodation	1,683.4	1,744.1	1,702.3	1,695.7	1,733.1	1,754.1	1,750.2	1,754.8	4.6			
Food services and drinking places	9,268.1	9,527.9	9,476.7	9,452.4	9,371.4	9,518.8	9,535.3	9,559.8	24.5			
Other services	5,291	5,410	5,381	5,354	5,314	5,405	5,393	5,379	-14			
Repair and maintenance	1,131.8	1,158.8	1,150.1	1,144.4	1,139.8	1,157.4	1,153.7	1,150.9	-2.8			
Personal and laundry services	1,268.1	1,278.8	1,272.4	1,276.7	1,269.6	1,281.9	1,276.6	1,280.8	4.2			
Membership associations and organizations	2,890.9	2,972.5	2,958.6	2,932.6	2,904.4	2,965.4	2,962.8	2,947.7	-15.1			
Government	22,825	22,630	22,747	22,595	22,481	22,277	22,269	22,259	-10			
Federal	2,816.0	2,840.0	2,834.0	2,840.0	2,824.0	2,838.0	2,842.0	2,852.0	10.0			
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	2,148.8	2,189.7	2,190.7	2,194.5	2,160.1	2,190.8	2,198.4	2,208.7	10.3			
U.S. Postal Service.	667.5	650.4	642.8	645.5	663.7	646.9	643.6	643.6	0.0			
State government	5,281.0	5,331.0	5,360.0	5,295.0	5,178.0	5,182.0	5,184.0	5,184.0	0.0			
State government education	2,502.3	2,585.3	2,616.5	2,553.9	2,383.7	2,427.1	2,429.3	2,430.9	1.6			
State government, excluding education	2,778.9	2,746.1	2,743.5	2,740.6	2,794.5	2,754.4	2,754.8	2,753.4	-1.4			
Local government	14,728.0	14,459.0	14,553.0	14,460.0	14,479.0	14,257.0	14,243.0	14,223.0	-20.0			
Local government education	8,363.1	8,154.0	8,257.4	8,218.7	8,040.0	7,914.5	7,906.9	7,899.7	-7.2			
Local government, excluding education	6,364.7	6,304.9	6,295.1	6,241.1	6,438.9	6,342.2	6,335.9	6,323.6	-12.3			

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.

³ Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

p Preliminary

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-2. Average weekly hours and overtime of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private	33.8	34.3	34.3	34.3
Goods-producing	38.8	39.7	39.7	39.7
Mining and logging	42.1	43.3	43.1	43.5
Construction	36.9	38.0	38.0	38.2
Manufacturing	39.6	40.3	40.3	40.2
Durable goods	39.7	40.5	40.6	40.5
Nondurable goods	39.3	40.0	39.8	39.8
Private service-providing	32.8	33.2	33.2	33.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	34.0	34.4	34.3	34.6
Wholesale trade	37.6	38.5	38.4	38.4
Retail trade	31.2	31.3	31.2	31.6
Transportation and warehousing	37.9	38.7	38.7	38.8
Utilities	40.5	42.0	41.7	41.4
Information	36.5	36.9	36.8	36.7
Financial activities	36.7	37.1	37.2	37.1
Professional and business services	35.1	35.7	35.7	35.8
Education and health services	32.7	33.0	33.0	32.9
Leisure and hospitality	25.6	25.8	25.8	25.7
Other services.	31.3	31.9	31.8	31.8
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing	2.7	3.1	3.1	3.1
Durable goods	2.5	2.9	3.1	3.0
Nondurable goods	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.2

p Preliminary

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

		Average hou	urly earnings	3	Average weekly earnings					
Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p		
Total private	\$22.38	\$22.74	\$22.75	\$22.78	\$ 756.44	\$ 779.98	\$ 780.33	\$ 781.35		
Goods-producing	23.84	24.16	24.15	24.18	924.99	959.15	958.76	959.95		
Mining and logging	26.97	27.73	27.65	27.62	1,135.44	1,200.71	1,191.72	1,201.47		
Construction	25.03	25.30	25.36	25.40	923.61	961.40	963.68	970.28		
Manufacturing	23.10	23.40	23.36	23.37	914.76	943.02	941.41	939.47		
Durable goods	24.65	24.86	24.84	24.85	978.61	1,006.83	1,008.50	1,006.43		
Nondurable goods	20.65	21.03	20.93	20.96	811.55	841.20	833.01	834.21		
Private service-providing	22.03	22.39	22.42	22.45	722.58	743.35	744.34	745.34		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	19.53	19.87	19.89	19.86	664.02	683.53	682.23	687.16		
Wholesale trade	25.91	26.33	26.34	26.31	974.22	1,013.71	1,011.46	1,010.30		
Retail trade	15.47	15.64	15.66	15.63	482.66	489.53	488.59	493.91		
Transportation and warehousing	20.69	21.20	21.22	21.30	784.15	820.44	821.21	826.44		
Utilities	32.93	33.24	33.00	33.23	1,333.67	1,396.08	1,376.10	1,375.72		
Information	30.03	31.14	31.22	31.26	1,096.10	1,149.07	1,148.90	1,147.24		
Financial activities	26.83	27.30	27.33	27.42	984.66	1,012.83	1,016.68	1,017.28		
Professional and business services	27.09	27.43	27.46	27.47	950.86	979.25	980.32	983.43		
Education and health services	22.55	23.07	23.07	23.17	737.39	761.31	761.31	762.29		
Leisure and hospitality	13.10	13.11	13.10	13.14	335.36	338.24	337.98	337.70		
Other services.	20.04	20.05	20.16	20.18	627.25	639.60	641.09	641.72		

p Preliminary

Table B-4. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

[2007=100]

	Ir	ndex of ag	gregate we	ekly hour	s ¹	Ind	dex of agg	regate we	ekly payro	lls ²
Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Nov. 2010- Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Nov. 2010 - Dec. 2010 ^p
Total private	90.7	93.1	93.1	93.2	0.1	96.8	100.9	101.0	101.3	0.3
Goods-producing	79.2	81.6	81.6	81.6	0.0	85.3	89.1	89.1	89.2	0.1
Mining and logging	89.4	103.3	103.5	105.0	1.4	96.8	115.0	114.9	116.4	1.3
Construction	72.4	73.6	73.6	73.8	0.3	78.8	80.9	81.1	81.4	0.4
Manufacturing	82.2	84.6	84.5	84.4	-0.1	88.3	92.1	91.8	91.7	-0.1
Durable goods	78.6	81.9	82.1	82.0	-0.1	86.1	90.5	90.6	90.5	-0.1
Nondurable goods	88.2	89.5	88.9	88.9	0.0	92.4	95.5	94.4	94.6	0.2
Private service-providing	94.0	96.2	96.3	96.4	0.1	100.3	104.3	104.6	104.9	0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	91.1	92.9	92.6	93.6	1.1	95.8	99.4	99.2	100.0	0.8
Wholesale trade	91.3	94.2	94.0	94.1	0.1	98.7	103.5	103.3	103.4	0.1
Retail trade	91.0	92.1	91.6	92.9	1.4	93.1	95.2	94.9	96.0	1.2
Transportation and warehousing	90.5	93.2	93.5	94.0	0.5	95.0	100.3	100.7	101.6	0.9
Utilities	97.6	100.4	99.5	99.0	-0.5	106.2	110.3	108.5	108.7	0.2
Information	91.6	91.4	91.2	90.9	-0.3	97.9	101.4	101.4	101.1	-0.3
Financial activities	92.6	92.7	92.9	92.7	-0.2	97.0	98.8	99.1	99.2	0.1
Professional and business services	91.0	94.3	94.6	94.9	0.3	99.9	104.8	105.2	105.6	0.4
Education and health services	103.0	105.8	106.0	105.9	-0.1	108.8	114.3	114.5	114.9	0.3
Leisure and hospitality	94.9	97.0	97.1	97.0	-0.1	100.3	102.6	102.6	102.9	0.3
Other services	92.2	95.5	95.0	94.8	-0.2	104.8	108.7	108.7	108.5	-0.2

¹ The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

² The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

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Table B-5. Employment of women on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

	Wom	en employe	es (in thous	ands)	Percent of all employees				
Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	
Total nonfarm	64,666	64,751	64,746	64,810	49.9	49.6	49.6	49.6	
Total private	51,842	52,091	52,105	52,182	48.4	48.1	48.1	48.1	
Goods-producing	4,150	4,114	4,111	4,116	23.2	22.8	22.8	22.8	
Mining and logging	98	103	104	106	14.5	13.6	13.6	13.8	
Construction	759	726	725	729	13.3	12.9	12.9	13.0	
Manufacturing	3,293	3,285	3,282	3,281	28.6	28.2	28.1	28.1	
Durable goods	1,739	1,735	1,735	1,737	24.7	24.1	24.2	24.1	
Nondurable goods	1,554	1,550	1,547	1,544	34.5	34.6	34.6	34.5	
Private service-providing	47,692	47,977	47,994	48,066	53.5	53.2	53.2	53.2	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	10,062	10,041	10,015	10,014	40.8	40.4	40.3	40.2	
Wholesale trade	1,684.8	1,686.5	1,687.4	1,688.0	30.3	30.1	30.1	30.0	
Retail trade	7,232.6	7,222.5	7,198.8	7,197.3	50.4	49.9	49.8	49.7	
Transportation and warehousing	1,006.1	1,000.5	997.1	997.7	24.1	23.8	23.6	23.6	
Utilities	138.3	131.8	131.2	130.8	24.8	23.8	23.8	23.7	
Information	1,133	1,102	1,108	1,101	41.2	40.6	40.8	40.6	
Financial activities	4,533	4,452	4,445	4,446	59.2	58.7	58.6	58.6	
Professional and business services	7,389	7,471	7,493	7,515	44.8	44.5	44.5	44.6	
Education and health services	14,956	15,184	15,209	15,240	77.3	77.1	77.1	77.1	
Leisure and hospitality	6,823	6,884	6,885	6,914	52.5	52.3	52.2	52.3	
Other services	2,796	2,843	2,839	2,836	52.6	52.6	52.6	52.7	
Government	12,824	12,660	12,641	12,628	57.0	56.8	56.8	56.7	

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Table B-6. Employment of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

[In thousands]

Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p
Total private	88,239	89,210	89,281	89,387
Goods-producing	12,886	12,995	12,989	12,982
Mining and logging	490	568	571	577
Construction	4,307	4,257	4,261	4,240
Manufacturing	8,089	8,170	8,157	8,165
Durable goods	4,801	4,914	4,913	4,917
Nondurable goods	3,288	3,256	3,244	3,248
Private service-providing	75,353	76,215	76,292	76,405
Trade, transportation, and utilities	20,876	21,014	21,010	21,053
Wholesale trade	4,470.8	4,483.6	4,485.7	4,490.8
Retail trade	12,329.1	12,463.1	12,448.6	12,472.9
Transportation and warehousing	3,630.7	3,629.1	3,639.5	3,651.2
Utilities	445.0	438.2	436.5	437.8
Information	2,192	2,180	2,181	2,181
Financial activities	5,937	5,829	5,821	5,824
Professional and business services	13,463	13,777	13,834	13,831
Education and health services	16,971	17,270	17,308	17,350
Leisure and hospitality	11,464	11,621	11,623	11,660
Other services.	4,450	4,524	4,515	4,506

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-7. Average weekly hours and overtime of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private	33.2	33.6	33.5	33.6
Goods-producing	39.6	40.6	40.5	40.5
Mining and logging	43.4	44.5	44.6	44.6
Construction	37.5	38.8	38.6	38.7
Manufacturing	40.5	41.2	41.2	41.2
Durable goods	40.6	41.4	41.5	41.4
Nondurable goods	40.4	40.9	40.8	40.9
Private service-providing	32.1	32.4	32.3	32.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	32.9	33.5	33.5	33.7
Wholesale trade	37.6	38.2	38.2	38.3
Retail trade	30.0	30.3	30.2	30.5
Transportation and warehousing	36.2	37.6	37.8	37.7
Utilities	41.4	42.9	42.7	42.2
Information	36.5	36.4	36.4	36.3
Financial activities	35.9	36.3	36.1	36.2
Professional and business services	34.8	35.3	35.2	35.5
Education and health services	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.2
Leisure and hospitality	24.8	24.9	24.9	24.7
Other services.	30.5	30.9	30.8	30.8
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.0
Durable goods	3.3	3.9	4.0	4.1
Nondurable goods	3.6	4.0	3.9	3.8

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-8. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

		Average hou	urly earnings	;	Average weekly earnings					
Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p		
Total private	\$18.85	\$19.18	\$19.19	\$19.21	\$ 625.82	\$ 644.45	\$ 642.87	\$ 645.46		
Goods-producing	20.04	20.40	20.43	20.44	793.58	828.24	827.42	827.82		
Mining and logging	23.47	23.85	23.96	23.96	1,018.60	1,061.33	1,068.62	1,068.62		
Construction	22.95	23.42	23.50	23.55	860.63	908.70	907.10	911.39		
Manufacturing	18.38	18.66	18.66	18.66	744.39	768.79	768.79	768.79		
Durable goods	19.57	19.83	19.86	19.87	794.54	820.96	824.19	822.62		
Nondurable goods	16.64	16.86	16.81	16.80	672.26	689.57	685.85	687.12		
Private service-providing	18.60	18.93	18.92	18.95	597.06	613.33	611.12	613.98		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	16.73	17.03	17.01	17.00	550.42	570.51	569.84	572.90		
Wholesale trade	21.35	21.84	21.72	21.75	802.76	834.29	829.70	833.03		
Retail trade	13.16	13.37	13.39	13.38	394.80	405.11	404.38	408.09		
Transportation and warehousing	19.00	19.23	19.16	19.25	687.80	723.05	724.25	725.73		
Utilities	29.91	30.76	30.78	30.68	1,238.27	1,319.60	1,314.31	1,294.70		
Information	25.64	26.20	26.18	26.22	935.86	953.68	952.95	951.79		
Financial activities	21.11	21.61	21.66	21.67	757.85	784.44	781.93	784.45		
Professional and business services	22.58	22.98	22.98	22.99	785.78	811.19	808.90	816.15		
Education and health services	19.76	20.19	20.17	20.24	638.25	652.14	649.47	651.73		
Leisure and hospitality	11.27	11.30	11.31	11.34	279.50	281.37	281.62	280.10		
Other services	16.85	16.91	16.95	16.98	513.93	522.52	522.06	522.98		

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

[2002=100]

	lr	ndex of ag	gregate we	ekly hours	s ²	Ind	dex of agg	regate wee	ekly payrol	ls ³
Industry	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Nov. 2010 - Dec. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010 ^p	Dec. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Nov. 2010 - Dec. 2010 ^p
Total private	97.9	100.1	99.9	100.3	0.4	123.3	128.3	128.1	128.8	0.5
Goods-producing	78.0	80.6	80.4	80.3	-0.1	95.7	100.7	100.6	100.6	0.0
Mining and logging	113.0	134.3	135.3	136.8	1.1	154.3	186.3	188.6	190.6	1.1
Construction	80.9	82.7	82.4	82.2	-0.2	100.2	104.6	104.5	104.5	0.0
Manufacturing	75.2	77.3	77.1	77.2	0.1	90.4	94.3	94.1	94.2	0.1
Durable goods	73.2	76.4	76.6	76.5	-0.1	89.5	94.6	95.0	94.9	-0.1
Nondurable goods	78.3	78.5	78.0	78.3	0.4	92.0	93.5	92.6	92.9	0.3
Private service-providing	103.4	105.6	105.4	105.9	0.5	131.9	137.0	136.7	137.5	0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	95.7	98.1	98.1	98.9	0.8	114.3	119.2	119.1	119.9	0.7
Wholesale trade	99.0	100.9	100.9	101.3	0.4	124.5	129.8	129.1	129.8	0.5
Retail trade	93.6	95.6	95.2	96.3	1.2	105.6	109.5	109.2	110.4	1.1
Transportation and warehousing	98.9	102.7	103.6	103.6	0.0	119.2	125.3	125.9	126.5	0.5
Utilities	94.2	96.2	95.3	94.5	-0.8	117.6	123.5	122.5	121.0	-1.2
Information	91.3	90.6	90.6	90.4	-0.2	115.9	117.5	117.5	117.3	-0.2
Financial activities	102.0	101.3	100.6	100.9	0.3	133.1	135.3	134.7	135.2	0.4
Professional and business services	105.0	109.0	109.1	110.0	0.8	141.1	149.0	149.2	150.5	0.9
Education and health services	118.2	120.3	120.2	120.5	0.2	153.6	159.7	159.4	160.4	0.6
Leisure and hospitality	104.2	106.1	106.1	105.6	-0.5	133.4	136.1	136.2	135.9	-0.2
Other services	95.2	98.1	97.6	97.4	-0.2	116.9	120.8	120.5	120.5	0.0

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

² The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

³ The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

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