



Technical information:

Household data: (202) 691-6378  
<http://www.bls.gov/cps/>

USDL 09-0482

Establishment data: (202) 691-6555  
<http://www.bls.gov/ces/>

Transmission of material in this release  
is embargoed until 8:30 A.M. (EDT),  
Friday, May 8, 2009.

Media contact: (202) 691-5902

## THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: APRIL 2009

Nonfarm payroll employment continued to decline in April (-539,000), and the unemployment rate rose from 8.5 to 8.9 percent, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. Since the recession began in December 2007, 5.7 million jobs have been lost. In April, job losses were large and widespread across nearly all major private-sector industries. Overall, private-sector employment fell by 611,000.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, April 2007 – April 2009

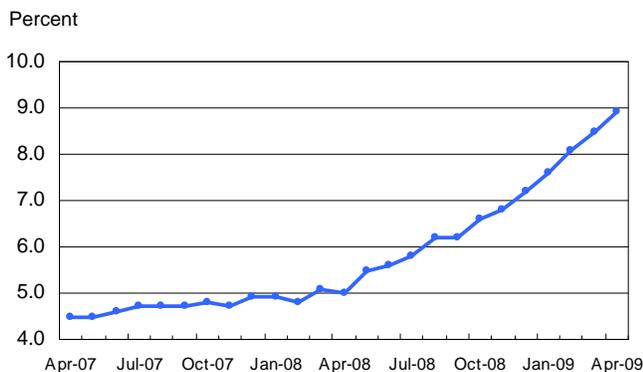
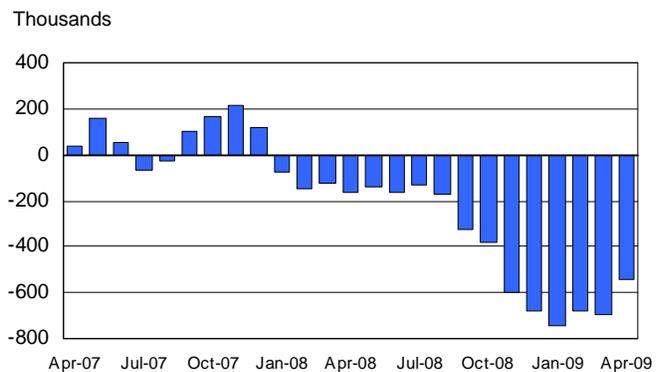


Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment over-the-month change, seasonally adjusted, April 2007 – April 2009



### Unemployment (Household Survey Data)

The number of unemployed persons increased by 563,000 to 13.7 million in April, and the unemployment rate rose to 8.9 percent. Over the past 12 months, the number of unemployed persons has risen by 6.0 million, and the unemployment rate has grown by 3.9 percentage points. (See table A-1.)

Unemployment rates rose in April for adult men (9.4 percent) and blacks (15.0 percent). The jobless rates for adult women (7.1 percent), teenagers (21.5 percent), whites (8.0 percent), and Hispanics (11.3 percent) were little changed over the month. The unemployment rate for Asians was 6.6 percent in April, not seasonally adjusted, up from 3.2 percent a year earlier. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

**Table A. Major indicators of labor market activity, seasonally adjusted**

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	Quarterly averages		Monthly data			Mar.-Apr. change
	IV 2008	I 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	
<b>HOUSEHOLD DATA</b>	<b>Labor force status</b>					
Civilian labor force .....	154,648	153,993	154,214	154,048	154,731	683
Employment .....	144,046	141,578	141,748	140,887	141,007	120
Unemployment .....	10,602	12,415	12,467	13,161	13,724	563
Not in labor force .....	80,177	80,920	80,699	81,038	80,541	-497
	<b>Unemployment rates</b>					
All workers .....	6.9	8.1	8.1	8.5	8.9	0.4
Adult men .....	6.8	8.2	8.1	8.8	9.4	.6
Adult women .....	5.6	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.1	.1
Teenagers .....	20.7	21.3	21.6	21.7	21.5	-.2
White .....	6.3	7.4	7.3	7.9	8.0	.1
Black or African American .....	11.5	13.1	13.4	13.3	15.0	1.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity .....	8.9	10.7	10.9	11.4	11.3	-.1
<b>ESTABLISHMENT DATA</b>	<b>Employment</b>					
Nonfarm employment .....	135,727	p 133,646	133,652	p 132,953	p 132,414	p -539
Goods-producing <sup>1</sup> .....	20,803	p 19,824	19,832	p 19,514	p 19,244	p -270
Construction .....	6,949	p 6,586	6,593	p 6,458	p 6,348	p -110
Manufacturing .....	13,062	p 12,470	12,468	p 12,301	p 12,152	p -149
Service-providing <sup>1</sup> .....	114,924	p 113,822	113,820	p 113,439	p 113,170	p -269
Retail trade <sup>2</sup> .....	15,127	p 14,932	14,934	p 14,870	p 14,824	p -47
Professional and business service .....	17,485	p 17,044	17,029	p 16,899	p 16,777	p -122
Education and health services .....	19,035	p 19,135	19,138	p 19,148	p 19,163	p 15
Leisure and hospitality .....	13,348	p 13,233	13,236	p 13,194	p 13,150	p -44
Government .....	22,538	p 22,543	22,547	p 22,541	p 22,613	p 72
	<b>Hours of work <sup>3</sup></b>					
Total private .....	33.4	p 33.3	33.3	p 33.2	p 33.2	p 0.0
Manufacturing .....	40.2	p 39.6	39.5	p 39.4	p 39.6	p .2
Overtime .....	3.2	p 2.7	2.7	p 2.6	p 2.7	p .1
	<b>Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) <sup>3</sup></b>					
Total private .....	104.1	p 101.8	101.9	p 100.9	p 100.3	p -0.6
	<b>Earnings <sup>3</sup></b>					
Average hourly earnings, total private .....	\$18.34	p \$18.46	\$18.46	p \$18.50	p \$18.51	p \$0.01
Average weekly earnings, total private .....	612.55	p 614.21	614.72	p 614.20	p 614.53	p .33

<sup>1</sup> Includes other industries, not shown separately.<sup>2</sup> Quarterly averages and the over-the-month change are calculated using unrounded data.<sup>3</sup> Data relate to private production and nonsupervisory workers.

p = preliminary.

Among the unemployed, the number of job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs rose by 571,000 in April to 8.8 million. This group has more than doubled in size over the past 12 months. (See table A-8.)

The number of long-term unemployed (those jobless for 27 weeks or more) increased by 498,000 to 3.7 million over the month and has risen by 2.4 million since the start of the recession in December 2007. (See table A-9.)

#### Total Employment and the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

The civilian labor force participation rate rose in April to 65.8 percent, and the employment-population ratio was unchanged at 59.9 percent. The employment-population ratios for adult men and women showed little or no change over the month. However, since December 2007, the men's ratio was down by 4.4 percentage points, while the women's ratio was down by 1.3 percentage points. (See table A-1.)

In April, the number of persons working part time for economic reasons (sometimes referred to as involuntary part-time workers) was essentially unchanged at 8.9 million; however, the number of such workers has risen by 3.7 million over the past 12 months. (See table A-5.)

#### Persons Not in the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

About 2.1 million persons (not seasonally adjusted) were marginally attached to the labor force in April, 675,000 more than a year earlier. These individuals wanted and were available for work and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. Among the marginally attached, there were 740,000 discouraged workers in April, up by 328,000 from a year earlier. Discouraged workers are persons not currently looking for work because they believe no jobs are available for them. The other 1.4 million persons marginally attached to the labor force in April had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey for reasons such as school attendance or family responsibilities. (See table A-13.)

#### Industry Payroll Employment (Establishment Survey Data)

Nonfarm payroll employment fell by 539,000 in April to 132.4 million; private-sector employment declined by 611,000. Since the recession began in December 2007, payroll employment has fallen by 5.7 million. In April, job losses continued in most major private-sector industries. Employment rose in the federal government mainly due to hiring of temporary workers for Census 2010. (See table B-1.)

Employment in manufacturing fell by 149,000 over the month, with widespread job losses among the component industries. Three durable goods industries—transportation equipment (-34,000), fabricated metal products (-29,000), and machinery (-22,000)—accounted for more than half of the decline. Since September 2008, manufacturing has lost 1.2 million jobs.

Construction employment declined by 110,000 in April, with losses spread throughout the sector. Over the past 6 months, job losses have averaged 120,000 per month, compared with 46,000 per month from December 2007 through October 2008.

The professional and business services industry lost 122,000 jobs in April. This industry has shed an average of 139,000 jobs per month since October 2008. Half of the April decline occurred in temporary help services.

Employment in retail trade fell by 47,000 in April. Job losses in department stores (-14,000), automobile dealers (-9,000), and building material and garden supply stores (-8,000) accounted for most of the decline. Wholesale trade employment was down by 41,000 over the month, with much of the decrease among durable goods wholesalers.

Employment in transportation and warehousing declined by 38,000 in April, with losses concentrated in truck transportation (-16,000) and warehousing and storage (-8,000). Employment in financial activities declined by 40,000 over the month. Job losses occurred throughout the sector, including real estate and rental and leasing (-15,000) and credit intermediation and related activities (-14,000). The leisure and hospitality industry lost 44,000 jobs in April.

Health care employment grew by 17,000 in April. Job gains in health care have averaged 17,000 per month thus far in 2009, down from an average of 30,000 per month during 2008. Employment in federal government rose by 66,000 over the month largely due to the hiring of temporary workers for Census 2010 preparatory work.

The change in total nonfarm employment for February was revised from -651,000 to -681,000, and the change for March was revised from -663,000 to -699,000. Monthly revisions result from additional sample reports and the monthly recalculation of seasonal factors.

#### Weekly Hours (Establishment Survey Data)

In April, the average workweek for production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was unchanged at 33.2 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek increased by 0.2 hour to 39.6 hours, and factory overtime rose by 0.1 hour to 2.7 hours. (See table B-2.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls fell by 0.6 percent in April. The manufacturing index declined by 0.9 percent over the month. (See table B-5.)

#### Hourly and Weekly Earnings (Establishment Survey Data)

In April, average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was essentially unchanged. This followed a gain of 4 cents in March. Over the past 12 months, average hourly earnings increased by 3.2 percent, and average weekly earnings rose by 1.3 percent. (See table B-3.)

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The Employment Situation for May 2009 is scheduled to be released on Friday, June 5, at 8:30 A.M. (EDT).

## **Frequently Asked Questions about Employment and Unemployment Estimates**

### **Why are there two monthly measures of employment?**

The household survey and establishment survey both produce sample-based estimates of employment and both have strengths and limitations. The establishment survey employment series has a smaller margin of error on the measurement of month-to-month change than the household survey because of its much larger sample size. An over-the-month employment change of 107,000 is statistically significant in the establishment survey, while the threshold for a statistically significant change in the household survey is about 400,000. However, the household survey has a more expansive scope than the establishment survey because it includes the self-employed, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and private household workers, who are excluded by the establishment survey. The household survey also provides estimates of employment for demographic groups.

### **Are undocumented immigrants counted in the surveys?**

Neither the establishment nor household survey is designed to identify the legal status of workers. Thus, while it is likely that both surveys include at least some undocumented immigrants, it is not possible to determine how many are counted in either survey. The household survey does include questions about whether respondents were born outside the United States. Data from these questions show that foreign-born workers accounted for 15.6 percent of the labor force in 2008.

### **Why does the establishment survey have revisions?**

The establishment survey revises published estimates to improve its data series by incorporating additional information that was not available at the time of the initial publication of the estimates. The establishment survey revises its initial monthly estimates twice, in the immediately succeeding 2 months, to incorporate additional sample receipts from respondents in the survey and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. For more information on the monthly revisions, please visit <http://www.bls.gov/ces/cesrevinfo.htm>.

On an annual basis, the establishment survey incorporates a benchmark revision that re-anchors estimates to nearly complete employment counts available from unemployment insurance tax records. The benchmark helps to control for sampling and modeling errors in the estimates. For more information on the annual benchmark revision, please visit <http://www.bls.gov/web/cesbmart.htm>.

### **Does the establishment survey sample include small firms?**

Yes; about 40 percent of the establishment survey sample is comprised of business establishments with fewer than 20 employees. The establishment survey sample is designed to maximize the reliability of the total nonfarm employment estimate; firms from all size classes and industries are appropriately sampled to achieve that goal.

### **Does the establishment survey account for employment from new businesses?**

Yes; monthly establishment survey estimates include an adjustment to account for the net employment change generated by business births and deaths. The adjustment comes from an econometric model that forecasts the monthly net jobs impact of business births and deaths based on the actual past

values of the net impact that can be observed with a lag from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The establishment survey uses modeling rather than sampling for this purpose because the survey is not immediately able to bring new businesses into the sample. There is an unavoidable lag between the birth of a new firm and its appearance on the sampling frame and availability for selection. BLS adds new businesses to the survey twice a year.

**Is the count of unemployed persons limited to just those people receiving unemployment insurance benefits?**

No; the estimate of unemployment is based on a monthly sample survey of households. All persons who are without jobs and are actively seeking and available to work are included among the unemployed. (People on temporary layoff are included even if they do not actively seek work.) There is no requirement or question relating to unemployment insurance benefits in the monthly survey.

**Does the official unemployment rate exclude people who have stopped looking for work?**

Yes; however, there are separate estimates of persons outside the labor force who want a job, including those who have stopped looking because they believe no jobs are available (discouraged workers). In addition, alternative measures of labor underutilization (discouraged workers and other groups not officially counted as unemployed) are published each month in the Employment Situation news release.

## Technical Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides the information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the A tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides the information on the employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls that appears in the B tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. This information is collected from payroll records by BLS in cooperation with state agencies. The sample includes about 160,000 businesses and government agencies covering approximately 400,000 individual work-sites. The active sample includes about one-third of all non-farm payroll workers. The sample is drawn from a sampling frame of unemployment insurance tax accounts.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference week is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

### Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

**Household survey.** The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as employed if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as unemployed if they meet all of the following criteria: They had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

*The civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those not classified as employed or unemployed are *not in the labor force*. The *unemployment rate* is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor

force. The *labor force participation rate* is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the *employment-population ratio* is the employed as a percent of the population.

**Establishment survey.** The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are for private businesses and relate only to production workers in the goods-producing sector and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing sector. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

**Differences in employment estimates.** The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll would be counted separately for each appearance.

### Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large; seasonal fluctuations may account for as much as 95 percent of the month-to-month changes in unemployment.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in economic activity or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. However, because the effect of students finishing school in previous years is known, the statistics for the current year can be adjusted to allow for a comparable change. Insofar as the seasonal adjustment is made correctly, the adjusted figure provides a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in economic activity.

Most seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the adjusted series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most supersectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month, using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. In both surveys, revisions to historical data are made once a year.

### **Reliability of the estimates**

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total employment from the household survey is on the order of plus or minus 430,000. Suppose the estimate of total employment increases by 100,000 from one month to the next. The 90-percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -330,000 to 530,000 (100,000 +/-

430,000). These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the "true" over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that employment had, in fact, increased. If, however, the reported employment rise was half a million, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that an employment rise had, in fact, occurred. At an unemployment rate of around 5.5 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment is about +/-280,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- .19 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates is also improved when the data are cumulated over time such as for quarterly and annual averages. The seasonal adjustment process can also improve the stability of the monthly estimates.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling errors can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to account for business births. The first component uses business deaths to impute employment for business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based link relative estimate procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same trend as the other firms in the sample. The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past 5 years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is

known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, absolute benchmark revisions for total nonfarm employment have averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from 0.1 percent to 0.6 percent.

**Other information**

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>TOTAL</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	233,198	235,086	235,271	233,198	235,035	234,739	234,913	235,086	235,271
Civilian labor force .....	153,208	153,728	153,834	153,932	154,447	153,716	154,214	154,048	154,731
Participation rate .....	65.7	65.4	65.4	66.0	65.7	65.5	65.6	65.5	65.8
Employed .....	145,921	139,833	140,586	146,257	143,338	142,099	141,748	140,887	141,007
Employment-population ratio .....	62.6	59.5	59.8	62.7	61.0	60.5	60.3	59.9	59.9
Unemployed .....	7,287	13,895	13,248	7,675	11,108	11,616	12,467	13,161	13,724
Unemployment rate .....	4.8	9.0	8.6	5.0	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.9
Not in labor force .....	79,990	81,358	81,437	79,267	80,588	81,023	80,699	81,038	80,541
Persons who currently want a job .....	4,677	5,535	5,868	4,782	5,488	5,643	5,645	5,814	5,935
<b>Men, 16 years and over</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	112,803	113,758	113,857	112,803	113,769	113,573	113,666	113,758	113,857
Civilian labor force .....	81,864	81,839	81,878	82,290	82,338	81,863	81,994	81,804	82,358
Participation rate .....	72.6	71.9	71.9	73.0	72.4	72.1	72.1	71.9	72.3
Employed .....	77,745	73,195	73,771	78,029	75,847	75,092	74,777	74,053	74,116
Employment-population ratio .....	68.9	64.3	64.8	69.2	66.7	66.1	65.8	65.1	65.1
Unemployed .....	4,119	8,644	8,107	4,262	6,491	6,771	7,217	7,751	8,242
Unemployment rate .....	5.0	10.6	9.9	5.2	7.9	8.3	8.8	9.5	10.0
Not in labor force .....	30,939	31,919	31,979	30,512	31,431	31,710	31,672	31,954	31,498
<b>Men, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	104,152	105,095	105,196	104,152	105,083	104,902	104,999	105,095	105,196
Civilian labor force .....	78,632	78,826	78,811	78,820	78,998	78,585	78,687	78,578	79,081
Participation rate .....	75.5	75.0	74.9	75.7	75.2	74.9	74.9	74.8	75.2
Employed .....	75,048	70,984	71,468	75,147	73,285	72,613	72,293	71,655	71,678
Employment-population ratio .....	72.1	67.5	67.9	72.2	69.7	69.2	68.9	68.2	68.1
Unemployed .....	3,584	7,842	7,343	3,673	5,714	5,972	6,394	6,923	7,403
Unemployment rate .....	4.6	9.9	9.3	4.7	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.4
Not in labor force .....	25,520	26,269	26,386	25,332	26,085	26,318	26,312	26,516	26,115
<b>Women, 16 years and over</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	120,396	121,328	121,415	120,396	121,266	121,166	121,247	121,328	121,415
Civilian labor force .....	71,344	71,889	71,956	71,641	72,109	71,853	72,220	72,244	72,372
Participation rate .....	59.3	59.3	59.3	59.5	59.5	59.3	59.6	59.5	59.6
Employed .....	68,176	66,638	66,815	68,228	67,491	67,007	66,970	66,834	66,890
Employment-population ratio .....	56.6	54.9	55.0	56.7	55.7	55.3	55.2	55.1	55.1
Unemployed .....	3,168	5,251	5,141	3,413	4,618	4,845	5,250	5,410	5,482
Unemployment rate .....	4.4	7.3	7.1	4.8	6.4	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.6
Not in labor force .....	49,052	49,438	49,458	48,754	49,157	49,313	49,027	49,084	49,042
<b>Women, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	111,990	112,908	112,999	111,990	112,825	112,738	112,824	112,908	112,999
Civilian labor force .....	68,053	68,883	68,957	68,118	68,891	68,584	68,917	68,977	69,148
Participation rate .....	60.8	61.0	61.0	60.8	61.1	60.8	61.1	61.1	61.2
Employed .....	65,329	64,123	64,318	65,196	64,860	64,298	64,271	64,148	64,226
Employment-population ratio .....	58.3	56.8	56.9	58.2	57.5	57.0	57.0	56.8	56.8
Unemployed .....	2,724	4,760	4,639	2,923	4,031	4,286	4,646	4,828	4,922
Unemployment rate .....	4.0	6.9	6.7	4.3	5.9	6.2	6.7	7.0	7.1
Not in labor force .....	43,937	44,025	44,041	43,872	43,935	44,154	43,907	43,931	43,850
<b>Both sexes, 16 to 19 years</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	17,056	17,083	17,076	17,056	17,126	17,098	17,090	17,083	17,076
Civilian labor force .....	6,523	6,019	6,066	6,993	6,557	6,547	6,610	6,493	6,501
Participation rate .....	38.2	35.2	35.5	41.0	38.3	38.3	38.7	38.0	38.1
Employed .....	5,544	4,726	4,799	5,914	5,194	5,188	5,184	5,083	5,103
Employment-population ratio .....	32.5	27.7	28.1	34.7	30.3	30.3	30.3	29.8	29.9
Unemployed .....	979	1,293	1,267	1,079	1,363	1,359	1,427	1,410	1,398
Unemployment rate .....	15.0	21.5	20.9	15.4	20.8	20.8	21.6	21.7	21.5
Not in labor force .....	10,533	11,064	11,010	10,063	10,568	10,551	10,480	10,590	10,575

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.  
NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>WHITE</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	189,147	190,436	190,552	189,147	190,351	190,225	190,331	190,436	190,552
Civilian labor force .....	124,599	125,433	125,316	125,198	125,634	125,312	125,703	125,599	126,110
Participation rate .....	65.9	65.9	65.8	66.2	66.0	65.9	66.0	66.0	66.2
Employed .....	119,341	114,831	115,587	119,644	117,357	116,692	116,481	115,693	115,977
Employment-population ratio .....	63.1	60.3	60.7	63.3	61.7	61.3	61.2	60.8	60.9
Unemployed .....	5,258	10,602	9,729	5,554	8,277	8,621	9,222	9,906	10,133
Unemployment rate .....	4.2	8.5	7.8	4.4	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.0
Not in labor force .....	64,548	65,003	65,235	63,949	64,718	64,913	64,628	64,837	64,441
<b>Men, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	65,110	65,363	65,298	65,220	65,331	65,126	65,180	65,032	65,509
Participation rate .....	75.8	75.5	75.4	76.0	75.5	75.4	75.4	75.2	75.7
Employed .....	62,483	59,307	59,847	62,510	61,101	60,683	60,361	59,811	59,967
Employment-population ratio .....	72.8	68.5	69.1	72.8	70.7	70.2	69.8	69.1	69.3
Unemployed .....	2,627	6,056	5,451	2,710	4,230	4,443	4,819	5,221	5,543
Unemployment rate .....	4.0	9.3	8.3	4.2	6.5	6.8	7.4	8.0	8.5
<b>Women, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	54,102	54,997	55,033	54,206	54,878	54,786	54,967	55,115	55,227
Participation rate .....	60.0	60.5	60.5	60.1	60.5	60.4	60.5	60.7	60.8
Employed .....	52,195	51,462	51,692	52,180	51,846	51,601	51,624	51,519	51,695
Employment-population ratio .....	57.9	56.6	56.9	57.8	57.1	56.9	56.9	56.7	56.9
Unemployed .....	1,907	3,535	3,341	2,026	3,031	3,185	3,344	3,596	3,533
Unemployment rate .....	3.5	6.4	6.1	3.7	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.4
<b>Both sexes, 16 to 19 years</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	5,386	5,073	4,986	5,772	5,425	5,400	5,556	5,452	5,374
Participation rate .....	41.2	38.8	38.2	44.1	41.4	41.3	42.5	41.7	41.1
Employed .....	4,663	4,062	4,049	4,955	4,409	4,408	4,497	4,363	4,316
Employment-population ratio .....	35.7	31.1	31.0	37.9	33.6	33.7	34.4	33.4	33.0
Unemployed .....	723	1,010	937	817	1,016	993	1,059	1,089	1,058
Unemployment rate .....	13.4	19.9	18.8	14.2	18.7	18.4	19.1	20.0	19.7
<b>BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	27,746	28,118	28,153	27,746	28,059	28,052	28,085	28,118	28,153
Civilian labor force .....	17,654	17,429	17,670	17,755	17,796	17,791	17,703	17,542	17,816
Participation rate .....	63.6	62.0	62.8	64.0	63.4	63.4	63.0	62.4	63.3
Employed .....	16,207	15,074	15,119	16,200	15,674	15,546	15,336	15,212	15,142
Employment-population ratio .....	58.4	53.6	53.7	58.4	55.9	55.4	54.6	54.1	53.8
Unemployed .....	1,447	2,355	2,551	1,555	2,122	2,245	2,368	2,330	2,673
Unemployment rate .....	8.2	13.5	14.4	8.8	11.9	12.6	13.4	13.3	15.0
Not in labor force .....	10,092	10,689	10,483	9,991	10,263	10,261	10,382	10,576	10,337
<b>Men, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	7,905	7,850	7,932	7,943	7,999	7,979	7,949	7,917	7,990
Participation rate .....	70.9	69.4	70.0	71.2	70.8	70.7	70.4	70.0	70.5
Employed .....	7,243	6,566	6,567	7,262	6,930	6,850	6,762	6,700	6,620
Employment-population ratio .....	65.0	58.0	58.0	65.1	61.4	60.7	59.9	59.2	58.4
Unemployed .....	662	1,284	1,365	681	1,069	1,129	1,187	1,218	1,370
Unemployment rate .....	8.4	16.4	17.2	8.6	13.4	14.1	14.9	15.4	17.2
<b>Women, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	9,039	8,935	9,023	9,044	9,060	9,022	9,006	8,932	9,064
Participation rate .....	64.9	63.3	63.9	64.9	64.4	64.1	63.9	63.3	64.1
Employed .....	8,419	8,071	8,076	8,359	8,256	8,194	8,115	8,045	8,025
Employment-population ratio .....	60.4	57.2	57.2	60.0	58.7	58.2	57.6	57.0	56.8
Unemployed .....	620	864	947	685	804	828	890	887	1,038
Unemployment rate .....	6.9	9.7	10.5	7.6	8.9	9.2	9.9	9.9	11.5
<b>Both sexes, 16 to 19 years</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	710	644	714	768	736	790	749	692	762
Participation rate .....	26.6	23.9	26.5	28.8	27.4	29.4	27.8	25.7	28.3
Employed .....	545	437	475	579	488	502	459	467	497
Employment-population ratio .....	20.4	16.2	17.7	21.7	18.1	18.6	17.0	17.4	18.5
Unemployed .....	165	207	239	189	248	288	290	225	265
Unemployment rate .....	23.3	32.2	33.5	24.6	33.7	36.5	38.8	32.5	34.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>ASIAN</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	10,658	10,778	10,788	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Civilian labor force .....	7,220	7,111	7,128	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate .....	67.7	66.0	66.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed .....	6,985	6,656	6,659	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio .....	65.5	61.8	61.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed .....	234	455	469	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate .....	3.2	6.4	6.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Not in labor force .....	3,438	3,667	3,660	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

<sup>2</sup> Data not available.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutional population .....	31,911	32,585	32,671	31,911	32,649	32,417	32,501	32,585	32,671
Civilian labor force .....	21,901	22,188	22,317	21,920	22,134	21,931	22,100	22,175	22,376
Participation rate .....	68.6	68.1	68.3	68.7	67.8	67.7	68.0	68.1	68.5
Employed .....	20,456	19,485	19,895	20,392	20,096	19,800	19,684	19,640	19,854
Employment-population ratio .....	64.1	59.8	60.9	63.9	61.6	61.1	60.6	60.3	60.8
Unemployed .....	1,445	2,703	2,422	1,528	2,038	2,132	2,416	2,536	2,521
Unemployment rate .....	6.6	12.2	10.9	7.0	9.2	9.7	10.9	11.4	11.3
Not in labor force .....	10,010	10,397	10,354	9,990	10,515	10,486	10,401	10,410	10,295
<b>Men, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	12,495	12,648	12,698	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate .....	84.1	83.4	83.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed .....	11,769	11,110	11,407	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio .....	79.2	73.3	75.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed .....	726	1,538	1,291	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate .....	5.8	12.2	10.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
<b>Women, 20 years and over</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	8,272	8,567	8,601	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate .....	59.0	59.8	59.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed .....	7,774	7,645	7,740	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio .....	55.4	53.3	53.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed .....	497	922	860	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate .....	6.0	10.8	10.0	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
<b>Both sexes, 16 to 19 years</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	1,134	974	1,018	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate .....	37.6	31.4	32.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed .....	913	731	748	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio .....	30.3	23.6	24.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed .....	222	243	270	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate .....	19.5	24.9	26.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

<sup>2</sup> Data not available.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment

(Numbers in thousands)

Educational attainment	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>Less than a high school diploma</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	12,280	12,102	12,180	12,102	12,108	12,024	11,955	11,997	12,027
Participation rate .....	46.2	46.1	46.2	45.6	46.4	45.9	46.4	45.7	45.7
Employed .....	11,353	10,220	10,399	11,148	10,793	10,577	10,445	10,399	10,251
Employment-population ratio .....	42.7	38.9	39.5	42.0	41.4	40.4	40.5	39.6	38.9
Unemployed .....	927	1,882	1,781	954	1,315	1,446	1,510	1,598	1,776
Unemployment rate .....	7.6	15.5	14.6	7.9	10.9	12.0	12.6	13.3	14.8
<b>High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup></b>									
Civilian labor force .....	37,703	38,516	38,300	37,809	38,656	38,675	38,463	38,434	38,687
Participation rate .....	62.2	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.5	62.4	62.2	62.3	63.0
Employed .....	35,837	34,661	34,733	35,907	35,683	35,599	35,270	34,981	35,086
Employment-population ratio .....	59.1	56.2	56.6	59.3	57.6	57.4	57.1	56.7	57.1
Unemployed .....	1,865	3,854	3,568	1,902	2,972	3,075	3,193	3,454	3,601
Unemployment rate .....	4.9	10.0	9.3	5.0	7.7	8.0	8.3	9.0	9.3
<b>Some college or associate degree</b>									
Civilian labor force .....	36,635	36,872	36,917	36,637	37,049	36,693	37,362	36,921	36,959
Participation rate .....	72.1	71.7	71.6	72.1	72.0	72.0	72.1	71.8	71.7
Employed .....	35,219	34,011	34,169	35,189	34,969	34,433	34,738	34,267	34,207
Employment-population ratio .....	69.3	66.1	66.3	69.3	68.0	67.6	67.1	66.6	66.4
Unemployed .....	1,415	2,861	2,748	1,447	2,080	2,260	2,624	2,653	2,752
Unemployment rate .....	3.9	7.8	7.4	4.0	5.6	6.2	7.0	7.2	7.4
<b>Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup></b>									
Civilian labor force .....	45,234	45,304	45,377	45,136	45,182	45,208	45,027	45,401	45,442
Participation rate .....	78.3	77.9	77.6	78.1	77.9	77.8	77.6	78.1	77.7
Employed .....	44,351	43,377	43,547	44,181	43,517	43,474	43,177	43,431	43,466
Employment-population ratio .....	76.7	74.6	74.5	76.4	75.0	74.8	74.4	74.7	74.4
Unemployed .....	883	1,927	1,831	955	1,665	1,735	1,850	1,970	1,977
Unemployment rate .....	2.0	4.3	4.0	2.1	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.4

<sup>1</sup> Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.<sup>2</sup> Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-5. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

(In thousands)

Category	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Agriculture and related industries .....	2,074	1,930	2,087	2,111	2,191	2,149	2,148	2,050	2,134
Wage and salary workers .....	1,203	1,061	1,164	1,247	1,264	1,233	1,244	1,167	1,209
Self-employed workers .....	840	847	894	841	925	903	875	875	887
Unpaid family workers .....	31	22	29	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
Nonagricultural industries .....	143,847	137,903	138,498	144,219	141,047	139,952	139,579	138,842	138,828
Wage and salary workers .....	134,369	128,782	129,381	134,698	132,082	131,110	130,465	129,478	129,724
Government .....	21,657	21,072	21,548	21,309	21,395	21,237	21,192	20,904	21,211
Private industries .....	112,712	107,711	107,832	113,341	110,684	109,997	109,311	108,674	108,555
Private households .....	780	738	716	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
Other industries .....	111,932	106,972	107,116	112,585	109,863	109,217	108,574	107,898	107,813
Self-employed workers .....	9,353	9,063	9,063	9,371	8,940	8,816	8,962	9,184	9,052
Unpaid family workers .....	125	57	54	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
<b>PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME <sup>2</sup></b>									
All industries:									
Part time for economic reasons .....	5,071	9,305	8,648	5,240	8,038	7,839	8,626	9,049	8,910
Slack work or business conditions .....	3,456	7,103	6,533	3,580	6,020	5,766	6,443	6,857	6,699
Could only find part-time work .....	1,348	1,969	1,852	1,325	1,617	1,667	1,764	1,839	1,810
Part time for noneconomic reasons .....	20,607	19,228	19,644	19,792	18,922	18,864	18,855	18,833	19,065
Nonagricultural industries:									
Part time for economic reasons .....	4,978	9,168	8,556	5,152	7,932	7,705	8,543	8,942	8,826
Slack work or business conditions .....	3,389	7,005	6,462	3,537	5,938	5,660	6,390	6,773	6,650
Could only find part-time work .....	1,345	1,957	1,842	1,328	1,619	1,658	1,760	1,850	1,802
Part time for noneconomic reasons .....	20,289	18,892	19,282	19,436	18,642	18,567	18,562	18,493	18,661

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

<sup>2</sup> Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for

reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad weather.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-6. Selected employment indicators

(In thousands)

Characteristic	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>AGE AND SEX</b>									
Total, 16 years and over .....	145,921	139,833	140,586	146,257	143,338	142,099	141,748	140,887	141,007
16 to 19 years .....	5,544	4,726	4,799	5,914	5,194	5,188	5,184	5,083	5,103
16 to 17 years .....	1,898	1,569	1,585	2,068	1,779	1,741	1,854	1,755	1,737
18 to 19 years .....	3,646	3,157	3,214	3,827	3,413	3,441	3,348	3,300	3,353
20 years and over .....	140,377	135,107	135,786	140,342	138,144	136,911	136,564	135,804	135,904
20 to 24 years .....	13,617	12,838	12,939	13,759	13,374	13,050	13,157	13,090	13,090
25 years and over .....	126,760	122,269	122,847	126,566	124,748	123,911	123,302	122,662	122,838
25 to 54 years .....	100,035	95,268	95,761	99,957	97,651	96,693	96,255	95,720	95,805
25 to 34 years .....	31,615	29,942	30,092	31,615	30,864	30,449	30,369	30,211	30,140
35 to 44 years .....	33,835	31,654	31,811	33,760	32,691	32,308	31,999	31,746	31,770
45 to 54 years .....	34,584	33,672	33,859	34,582	34,097	33,936	33,888	33,763	33,896
55 years and over .....	26,725	27,000	27,086	26,609	27,096	27,218	27,047	26,942	27,032
Men, 16 years and over .....	77,745	73,195	73,771	78,029	75,847	75,092	74,777	74,053	74,116
16 to 19 years .....	2,697	2,211	2,303	2,882	2,562	2,479	2,484	2,398	2,438
16 to 17 years .....	863	709	747	944	847	818	837	803	817
18 to 19 years .....	1,833	1,502	1,555	1,941	1,712	1,654	1,640	1,579	1,635
20 years and over .....	75,048	70,984	71,468	75,147	73,285	72,613	72,293	71,655	71,678
20 to 24 years .....	7,186	6,478	6,612	7,284	6,863	6,723	6,784	6,656	6,701
25 years and over .....	67,862	64,506	64,856	67,837	66,456	65,879	65,479	65,031	64,960
25 to 54 years .....	53,684	50,369	50,700	53,702	52,128	51,480	51,125	50,865	50,802
25 to 34 years .....	17,285	16,010	16,122	17,320	16,789	16,461	16,449	16,288	16,199
35 to 44 years .....	18,213	16,909	17,024	18,199	17,663	17,452	17,144	17,027	17,027
45 to 54 years .....	18,186	17,450	17,555	18,183	17,676	17,567	17,532	17,550	17,576
55 years and over .....	14,179	14,137	14,156	14,135	14,328	14,399	14,354	14,166	14,157
Women, 16 years and over .....	68,176	66,638	66,815	68,228	67,491	67,007	66,970	66,834	66,890
16 to 19 years .....	2,847	2,515	2,497	3,032	2,632	2,709	2,699	2,685	2,664
16 to 17 years .....	1,034	860	838	1,124	932	923	1,017	952	920
18 to 19 years .....	1,812	1,655	1,659	1,886	1,701	1,787	1,708	1,721	1,718
20 years and over .....	65,329	64,123	64,318	65,196	64,860	64,298	64,271	64,148	64,226
20 to 24 years .....	6,431	6,360	6,327	6,474	6,510	6,327	6,372	6,434	6,389
25 years and over .....	58,898	57,763	57,991	58,728	58,292	58,032	57,823	57,631	57,878
25 to 54 years .....	46,351	44,899	45,061	46,254	45,523	45,213	45,131	44,855	45,003
25 to 34 years .....	14,330	13,932	13,970	14,294	14,075	13,988	13,920	13,922	13,941
35 to 44 years .....	15,622	14,745	14,787	15,560	15,027	14,856	14,855	14,719	14,742
45 to 54 years .....	16,399	16,223	16,304	16,399	16,421	16,369	16,356	16,214	16,320
55 years and over .....	12,547	12,864	12,930	12,474	12,769	12,819	12,693	12,776	12,875
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Married men, spouse present .....	46,002	44,356	44,470	45,968	45,182	44,712	44,502	44,470	44,469
Married women, spouse present .....	36,331	35,507	35,668	36,144	35,632	35,375	35,563	35,481	35,444
Women who maintain families .....	9,111	8,749	8,951	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
<b>FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS</b>									
Full-time workers <sup>2</sup> .....	120,027	112,215	112,746	120,899	116,865	115,794	114,853	113,665	113,725
Part-time workers <sup>3</sup> .....	25,894	27,617	27,840	25,339	26,250	26,200	26,590	26,963	27,066
<b>MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS</b>									
Total multiple jobholders .....	7,630	7,723	7,781	7,671	7,352	7,441	7,626	7,656	7,748
Percent of total employed .....	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.5

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.<sup>2</sup> Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.<sup>3</sup> Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-7. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)			Unemployment rates <sup>1</sup>					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>AGE AND SEX</b>									
Total, 16 years and over .....	7,675	13,161	13,724	5.0	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.9
16 to 19 years .....	1,079	1,410	1,398	15.4	20.8	20.8	21.6	21.7	21.5
16 to 17 years .....	522	544	520	20.2	24.1	21.4	22.9	23.7	23.0
18 to 19 years .....	590	870	908	13.4	19.1	20.2	21.0	20.9	21.3
20 years and over .....	6,596	11,751	12,326	4.5	6.6	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.3
20 to 24 years .....	1,353	2,128	2,258	9.0	12.1	12.1	12.9	14.0	14.7
25 years and over .....	5,229	9,572	9,999	4.0	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.5
25 to 54 years .....	4,387	7,832	8,139	4.2	6.3	6.7	7.2	7.6	7.8
25 to 34 years .....	1,712	2,984	3,229	5.1	7.5	7.9	8.7	9.0	9.7
35 to 44 years .....	1,374	2,447	2,580	3.9	5.9	6.5	6.8	7.2	7.5
45 to 54 years .....	1,301	2,401	2,330	3.6	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.4
55 years and over .....	839	1,784	1,849	3.1	4.9	5.2	5.6	6.2	6.4
Men, 16 years and over .....	4,262	7,751	8,242	5.2	7.9	8.3	8.8	9.5	10.0
16 to 19 years .....	588	828	839	17.0	23.3	24.4	24.9	25.7	25.6
16 to 17 years .....	274	315	291	22.5	27.0	26.5	26.5	28.2	26.3
18 to 19 years .....	328	514	555	14.5	21.5	22.8	24.7	24.6	25.3
20 years and over .....	3,673	6,923	7,403	4.7	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.4
20 to 24 years .....	813	1,335	1,424	10.0	14.2	14.1	14.6	16.7	17.5
25 years and over .....	2,846	5,566	5,911	4.0	6.4	6.9	7.5	7.9	8.3
25 to 54 years .....	2,415	4,607	4,889	4.3	6.7	7.3	7.9	8.3	8.8
25 to 34 years .....	932	1,833	2,026	5.1	8.3	8.8	9.5	10.1	11.1
35 to 44 years .....	767	1,426	1,516	4.0	5.9	6.6	7.2	7.7	8.2
45 to 54 years .....	717	1,348	1,347	3.8	6.1	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.1
55 years and over .....	430	959	1,022	3.0	5.1	5.3	6.0	6.3	6.7
Women, 16 years and over .....	3,413	5,410	5,482	4.8	6.4	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.6
16 to 19 years .....	491	582	560	13.9	18.2	17.1	18.3	17.8	17.4
16 to 17 years .....	248	229	229	18.1	21.2	16.2	19.8	19.4	19.9
18 to 19 years .....	262	357	353	12.2	16.6	17.5	17.0	17.2	17.1
20 years and over .....	2,923	4,828	4,922	4.3	5.9	6.2	6.7	7.0	7.1
20 to 24 years .....	540	793	834	7.7	9.8	10.0	10.9	11.0	11.5
25 years and over .....	2,384	4,006	4,088	3.9	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.5	6.6
25 to 54 years .....	1,972	3,225	3,250	4.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.7	6.7
25 to 34 years .....	780	1,151	1,203	5.2	6.5	6.8	7.7	7.6	7.9
35 to 44 years .....	607	1,021	1,064	3.8	5.8	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.7
45 to 54 years .....	584	1,054	983	3.4	4.9	5.0	5.3	6.1	5.7
55 years and over <sup>2</sup> .....	366	789	745	2.8	4.3	5.4	5.3	5.8	5.4
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Married men, spouse present .....	1,342	2,718	2,986	2.8	4.4	5.0	5.5	5.8	6.3
Married women, spouse present .....	1,115	2,022	2,077	3.0	4.5	4.7	5.1	5.4	5.5
Women who maintain families <sup>2</sup> .....	661	1,058	999	6.8	9.5	10.3	10.3	10.8	10.0
<b>FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS</b>									
Full-time workers <sup>3</sup> .....	6,360	11,535	12,037	5.0	7.5	8.0	8.6	9.2	9.6
Part-time workers <sup>4</sup> .....	1,322	1,676	1,744	5.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.1

<sup>1</sup> Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.<sup>2</sup> Not seasonally adjusted.<sup>3</sup> Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.<sup>4</sup> Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to

work part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED</b>									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,931	9,315	8,687	4,043	6,471	6,980	7,696	8,243	8,814
On temporary layoff .....	1,053	1,990	1,586	1,103	1,524	1,441	1,488	1,557	1,625
Not on temporary layoff .....	2,878	7,325	7,101	2,939	4,946	5,539	6,208	6,686	7,189
Permanent job losers .....	2,114	5,880	5,853	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
Persons who completed temporary jobs .....	764	1,445	1,248	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
Job leavers .....	816	850	842	860	1,007	917	820	887	890
Reentrants .....	1,995	2,984	2,932	2,145	2,777	2,751	2,834	2,974	3,087
New entrants .....	545	747	788	625	829	780	1,005	868	900
<b>PERCENT DISTRIBUTION</b>									
Total unemployed .....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs .....	53.9	67.0	65.6	52.7	58.4	61.1	62.3	63.5	64.4
On temporary layoff .....	14.4	14.3	12.0	14.4	13.8	12.6	12.0	12.0	11.9
Not on temporary layoff .....	39.5	52.7	53.6	38.3	44.6	48.5	50.2	51.5	52.5
Job leavers .....	11.2	6.1	6.4	11.2	9.1	8.0	6.6	6.8	6.5
Reentrants .....	27.4	21.5	22.1	28.0	25.1	24.1	22.9	22.9	22.5
New entrants .....	7.5	5.4	5.9	8.1	7.5	6.8	8.1	6.7	6.6
<b>UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE</b>									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs .....	2.6	6.1	5.6	2.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	5.4	5.7
Job leavers .....	.5	.6	.5	.6	.7	.6	.5	.6	.6
Reentrants .....	1.3	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0
New entrants .....	.4	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.7	.6	.6

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-9. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
<b>NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED</b>									
Less than 5 weeks .....	2,151	3,067	2,855	2,496	3,267	3,658	3,404	3,371	3,346
5 to 14 weeks .....	2,225	4,523	3,526	2,529	3,398	3,519	3,969	4,041	3,982
15 weeks and over .....	2,911	6,305	6,867	2,652	4,517	4,634	5,264	5,715	6,211
15 to 26 weeks .....	1,473	2,971	2,966	1,277	1,927	1,987	2,347	2,534	2,531
27 weeks and over .....	1,439	3,334	3,901	1,375	2,591	2,647	2,917	3,182	3,680
Average (mean) duration, in weeks .....	18.3	21.2	23.4	17.0	19.7	19.8	19.8	20.1	21.4
Median duration, in weeks .....	11.0	13.1	15.4	9.3	10.6	10.3	11.0	11.2	12.5
<b>PERCENT DISTRIBUTION</b>									
Total unemployed .....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks .....	29.5	22.1	21.5	32.5	29.2	31.0	26.9	25.7	24.7
5 to 14 weeks .....	30.5	32.5	26.6	32.9	30.4	29.8	31.4	30.8	29.4
15 weeks and over .....	40.0	45.4	51.8	34.6	40.4	39.2	41.7	43.5	45.9
15 to 26 weeks .....	20.2	21.4	22.4	16.6	17.2	16.8	18.6	19.3	18.7
27 weeks and over .....	19.7	24.0	29.4	17.9	23.2	22.4	23.1	24.2	27.2

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-10. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Occupation	Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment rates	
	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009
Total, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup> .....	145,921	140,586	7,287	13,248	4.8	8.6
Management, professional, and related occupations .....	52,819	52,597	1,088	2,164	2.0	4.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations .....	21,621	21,455	467	995	2.1	4.4
Professional and related occupations .....	31,198	31,142	621	1,170	2.0	3.6
Service occupations .....	24,064	24,548	1,406	2,354	5.5	8.7
Sales and office occupations .....	36,222	34,053	1,605	2,966	4.2	8.0
Sales and related occupations .....	16,381	15,555	741	1,463	4.3	8.6
Office and administrative support occupations .....	19,841	18,498	865	1,503	4.2	7.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations .....	14,673	13,453	1,381	2,438	8.6	15.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	954	924	111	166	10.5	15.2
Construction and extraction occupations .....	8,628	7,423	1,097	1,816	11.3	19.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .....	5,091	5,107	173	456	3.3	8.2
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations .....	18,144	15,934	1,239	2,501	6.4	13.6
Production occupations .....	9,196	7,563	679	1,306	6.9	14.7
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	8,948	8,371	560	1,196	5.9	12.5

<sup>1</sup> Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-11. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)		Unemployment rates	
	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009
Total, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup> .....	7,287	13,248	4.8	8.6
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers .....	5,923	11,222	5.0	9.4
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction .....	28	125	3.6	16.1
Construction .....	1,057	1,737	11.1	18.7
Manufacturing .....	796	1,968	4.8	12.4
Durable goods .....	505	1,278	4.8	12.8
Nondurable goods .....	291	690	5.0	11.8
Wholesale and retail trade .....	919	1,833	4.5	9.0
Transportation and utilities .....	245	541	4.0	9.0
Information .....	143	320	4.4	10.1
Financial activities .....	324	561	3.4	6.0
Professional and business services .....	736	1,448	5.3	10.4
Education and health services .....	551	964	2.8	4.6
Leisure and hospitality .....	874	1,322	6.9	10.2
Other services .....	251	403	4.0	6.4
Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers .....	108	176	8.6	13.5
Government workers .....	373	575	1.7	2.6
Self employed and unpaid family workers .....	338	488	3.2	4.6

<sup>1</sup> Persons with no previous work experience are included in the unemployed total.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Effective with January 2009 data, industries reflect the introduction of the 2007 Census industry classification system into the Current Population Survey. This industry classification system is derived from the 2007 North American Industry Classification System. No historical data have been revised.

Table A-12. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

(Percent)

Measure	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr. 2008	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	Apr. 2009
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force .....	1.9	4.1	4.5	1.7	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.7	4.0
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force .....	2.6	6.1	5.6	2.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	5.4	5.7
<b>U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate) .....</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.9</b>
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers .....	5.0	9.4	9.0	5.2	7.6	8.0	8.5	8.9	9.3
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other marginally attached workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers .....	5.6	10.3	9.8	5.9	8.3	8.8	9.3	9.8	10.1
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all marginally attached workers, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers .....	8.9	16.2	15.4	9.2	13.5	13.9	14.8	15.6	15.8

NOTE: Marginally attached workers are persons who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the recent past. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not looking currently for a job. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are

those who want and are available for full-time work but have had to settle for a part-time schedule. For more information, see "BLS introduces new range of alternative unemployment measures," in the October 1995 issue of the Monthly Labor Review. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-13. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	Total		Men		Women	
	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009	Apr. 2008	Apr. 2009
<b>NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE</b>						
Total not in the labor force .....	79,990	81,437	30,939	31,979	49,052	49,458
Persons who currently want a job .....	4,677	5,868	2,152	2,805	2,525	3,063
Marginally attached to the labor force <sup>1</sup> .....	1,414	2,089	726	1,105	688	984
Reason not currently looking:						
Discouragement over job prospects <sup>2</sup> .....	412	740	250	470	162	270
Reasons other than discouragement <sup>3</sup> .....	1,002	1,350	476	635	526	714
<b>MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS</b>						
Total multiple jobholders <sup>4</sup> .....	7,630	7,781	3,852	3,775	3,779	4,006
Percent of total employed .....	5.2	5.5	5.0	5.1	5.5	6.0
Primary job full time, secondary job part time .....	4,197	4,119	2,336	2,226	1,861	1,894
Primary and secondary jobs both part time .....	1,811	2,025	586	659	1,225	1,366
Primary and secondary jobs both full time .....	248	231	165	137	82	94
Hours vary on primary or secondary job .....	1,333	1,347	741	715	592	633

<sup>1</sup> Data refer to persons who have searched for work during the prior 12 months and were available to take a job during the reference week.

<sup>2</sup> Includes thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

<sup>3</sup> Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as

well as a small number for which reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

<sup>4</sup> Includes persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Mar. 2009-Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	
Total nonfarm .....	137,543	132,138	132,054	132,295	137,654	135,074	134,333	133,652	132,953	132,414	-539
Total private .....	114,697	109,295	109,124	109,300	115,203	112,542	111,793	111,105	110,412	109,801	-611
Goods-producing .....	21,441	19,253	19,049	18,994	21,679	20,532	20,127	19,832	19,514	19,244	-270
Mining and logging .....	746	754	738	729	756	789	781	771	755	744	-11
Logging .....	54.6	54.3	48.4	45.8	58.6	55.7	55.2	54.5	51.0	49.6	-1.4
Mining .....	691.7	700.1	689.1	682.7	697.8	733.3	725.3	716.4	703.9	694.2	-9.7
Oil and gas extraction .....	153.1	166.7	165.1	165.0	155.1	169.4	167.7	167.8	167.1	167.9	.8
Mining, except oil and gas <sup>1</sup> .....	219.4	213.6	213.4	216.6	222.9	229.2	227.9	225.7	222.8	220.6	-2.2
Coal mining .....	77.8	83.9	83.2	80.6	78.1	84.5	84.9	84.1	83.3	81.5	-1.8
Support activities for mining .....	319.2	319.8	310.6	301.1	319.8	334.7	329.7	322.9	314.0	305.7	-8.3
Construction .....	7,174	6,156	6,114	6,196	7,337	6,841	6,706	6,593	6,458	6,348	-110
Construction of buildings .....	1,654.8	1,439.8	1,421.1	1,423.1	1,693.8	1,572.9	1,536.9	1,509.5	1,481.4	1,459.7	-21.7
Residential building .....	834.3	700.0	689.4	691.6	857.5	769.4	755.2	741.2	723.7	711.1	-12.6
Nonresidential building .....	820.5	739.8	731.7	731.5	836.3	803.5	781.7	768.3	757.7	748.6	-9.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction .....	949.4	816.5	826.2	867.0	980.5	933.2	926.6	919.0	906.6	889.4	-17.2
Specialty trade contractors .....	4,570.0	3,899.2	3,866.5	3,905.6	4,662.3	4,335.2	4,242.2	4,164.4	4,069.9	3,998.9	-71.0
Residential specialty trade contractors .....	2,028.4	1,684.3	1,673.6	1,691.9	2,076.1	1,883.6	1,838.3	1,801.2	1,757.2	1,717.7	-39.5
Nonresidential specialty trade contractors .....	2,541.6	2,214.9	2,192.9	2,213.7	2,586.2	2,451.6	2,403.9	2,363.2	2,312.7	2,281.2	-31.5
Manufacturing .....	13,521	12,343	12,197	12,069	13,586	12,902	12,640	12,468	12,301	12,152	-149
Production workers .....	9,745	8,702	8,570	8,473	9,795	9,174	8,946	8,804	8,656	8,537	-119
Durable goods .....	8,567	7,686	7,576	7,472	8,587	8,085	7,881	7,753	7,626	7,499	-127
Production workers .....	6,087	5,300	5,203	5,121	6,099	5,633	5,458	5,352	5,241	5,135	-106
Wood products .....	472.0	373.7	377.2	382.7	477.3	416.2	403.9	390.4	389.9	388.6	-1.3
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	472.8	406.1	402.3	413.8	477.2	441.2	434.3	425.8	416.0	415.0	-1.0
Primary metals .....	450.6	393.8	385.6	372.5	449.7	419.6	409.3	395.2	386.2	374.4	-11.8
Fabricated metal products .....	1,539.5	1,392.4	1,364.3	1,334.9	1,546.0	1,461.5	1,425.3	1,399.0	1,369.9	1,341.2	-28.7
Machinery .....	1,190.3	1,097.0	1,069.8	1,045.8	1,193.1	1,150.2	1,126.0	1,100.8	1,072.7	1,051.2	-21.5
Computer and electronic products <sup>1</sup> .....	1,251.7	1,193.3	1,184.6	1,171.8	1,255.7	1,223.7	1,212.9	1,196.9	1,188.6	1,176.9	-11.7
Computer and peripheral equipment .....	183.4	174.1	173.2	170.2	184.0	180.0	180.3	175.5	173.8	170.9	-2.9
Communications equipment .....	128.7	130.1	128.0	128.4	129.1	129.1	129.6	129.0	128.5	128.7	.2
Semiconductors and electronic components .....	436.0	401.5	396.5	388.8	437.0	417.4	410.5	403.3	397.8	390.9	-6.9
Electronic instruments .....	441.6	430.5	430.7	429.9	442.9	437.5	433.8	431.9	431.9	431.3	-.6
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	427.2	398.3	388.6	379.1	428.5	412.0	406.1	399.1	389.8	380.5	-9.3
Transportation equipment <sup>1</sup> .....	1,638.6	1,418.4	1,402.6	1,373.0	1,632.1	1,501.8	1,423.5	1,423.7	1,403.3	1,369.5	-33.8
Motor vehicles and parts <sup>2</sup> .....	905.9	715.6	708.1	682.8	898.0	781.5	711.2	718.7	705.7	676.6	-29.1
Furniture and related products .....	494.3	412.2	404.6	401.2	495.2	440.6	428.6	417.4	408.3	400.7	-7.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	630.3	600.3	596.8	597.1	632.5	618.4	611.0	604.5	601.1	600.5	-.6
Nondurable goods .....	4,954	4,657	4,621	4,597	4,999	4,817	4,759	4,715	4,675	4,653	-22
Production workers .....	3,658	3,402	3,367	3,352	3,696	3,541	3,488	3,452	3,415	3,402	-13
Food manufacturing .....	1,449.9	1,438.3	1,436.6	1,439.2	1,483.2	1,477.6	1,470.7	1,467.2	1,465.2	1,475.2	10.0
Beverages and tobacco products .....	197.4	185.5	185.7	185.7	201.6	195.8	194.2	191.3	191.7	190.5	-1.2
Textile mills .....	155.5	128.9	127.5	126.8	155.9	136.8	133.6	130.0	128.2	127.6	-.6
Textile product mills .....	151.5	133.4	128.6	126.1	150.1	141.2	137.4	134.2	129.4	127.2	-2.2
Apparel .....	202.5	174.3	171.9	168.2	202.5	183.5	178.9	176.3	173.0	169.1	-3.9
Leather and allied products .....	33.4	31.4	31.5	32.2	33.6	32.6	32.4	31.9	31.8	32.0	.2
Paper and paper products .....	448.8	419.1	415.6	412.9	450.6	433.4	427.3	422.5	419.1	415.6	-3.5
Printing and related support activities .....	603.8	546.0	537.8	529.2	605.6	567.0	558.1	549.2	539.9	532.2	-7.7
Petroleum and coal products .....	115.0	110.4	111.3	113.3	115.9	116.9	114.2	114.6	114.5	114.6	.1
Chemicals .....	853.2	825.9	820.9	815.4	854.1	837.1	832.7	828.2	823.1	818.7	-4.4
Plastics and rubber products .....	742.9	663.9	653.6	648.4	745.5	694.9	679.7	669.3	659.2	650.6	-8.6

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted							Change from: Mar. 2009-Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>		
Service-providing .....	116,102	112,885	113,005	113,301	115,975	114,542	114,206	113,820	113,439	113,170	-269	
Private service-providing .....	93,256	90,042	90,075	90,306	93,524	92,010	91,666	91,273	90,898	90,557	-341	
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	26,331	25,217	25,171	25,106	26,562	25,843	25,735	25,605	25,471	25,345	-126	
Wholesale trade .....	5,979.2	5,723.7	5,704.9	5,679.8	5,995.9	5,850.7	5,819.3	5,773.7	5,736.9	5,696.2	-40.7	
Durable goods .....	3,079.1	2,906.9	2,884.8	2,860.4	3,087.2	2,978.6	2,959.6	2,926.2	2,897.3	2,868.5	-28.8	
Nondurable goods .....	2,054.8	1,980.2	1,984.0	1,985.3	2,060.9	2,025.1	2,013.9	2,006.6	2,000.4	1,992.7	-7.7	
Electronic markets and agents and brokers .....	845.3	836.6	836.1	834.1	847.8	847.0	845.8	840.9	839.2	835.0	-4.2	
Retail trade .....	15,261.2	14,649.2	14,641.9	14,627.5	15,457.6	15,037.9	14,991.5	14,934.3	14,870.4	14,823.7	-46.7	
Motor vehicle and parts dealers <sup>1</sup> .....	1,882.3	1,688.9	1,684.4	1,687.0	1,885.1	1,745.6	1,730.1	1,716.8	1,701.7	1,690.1	-11.6	
Automobile dealers .....	1,218.5	1,066.0	1,059.1	1,055.8	1,220.9	1,099.9	1,088.6	1,078.7	1,067.3	1,058.0	-9.3	
Furniture and home furnishings stores .....	542.5	493.4	489.7	486.5	549.5	514.2	508.3	499.7	497.9	492.5	-5.4	
Electronics and appliance stores .....	548.5	532.2	513.3	510.4	554.5	538.6	535.5	533.7	518.7	517.1	-1.6	
Building material and garden supply stores .....	1,281.7	1,157.2	1,168.7	1,207.1	1,254.5	1,227.8	1,214.9	1,207.1	1,193.3	1,185.8	-7.5	
Food and beverage stores .....	2,841.8	2,802.2	2,801.7	2,788.3	2,866.7	2,835.1	2,835.3	2,826.0	2,824.8	2,820.0	-4.8	
Health and personal care stores .....	999.9	981.3	980.3	980.7	1,006.9	991.2	985.7	986.9	985.8	985.7	-1	
Gasoline stations .....	842.5	820.9	820.5	825.0	848.5	834.4	833.0	832.1	830.3	831.2	.9	
Clothing and clothing accessories stores .....	1,445.0	1,389.4	1,380.1	1,374.8	1,495.0	1,448.5	1,445.0	1,443.8	1,435.3	1,434.1	-1.2	
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores .....	624.4	600.4	591.1	586.6	646.2	624.3	620.8	613.6	610.2	609.6	-.6	
General merchandise stores <sup>1</sup> .....	2,982.5	2,964.3	3,016.4	2,986.7	3,052.9	3,029.2	3,040.7	3,040.7	3,047.4	3,039.3	-8.1	
Department stores .....	1,522.7	1,489.5	1,502.2	1,477.4	1,576.4	1,521.2	1,529.1	1,532.6	1,531.9	1,518.3	-13.6	
Miscellaneous store retailers .....	839.4	805.0	786.6	788.7	855.0	825.0	819.5	815.1	807.6	802.5	-5.1	
Nonstore retailers .....	430.7	414.0	409.1	405.7	442.8	424.0	422.7	418.8	417.4	415.8	-1.6	
Transportation and warehousing .....	4,534.3	4,276.0	4,255.4	4,231.8	4,551.7	4,389.9	4,354.4	4,327.0	4,293.6	4,255.5	-38.1	
Air transportation .....	500.2	471.8	471.9	470.6	501.9	477.8	476.8	474.8	472.7	469.5	-3.2	
Rail transportation .....	231.2	222.3	222.3	222.3	231.1	226.8	227.1	224.1	223.4	221.9	-1.5	
Water transportation .....	65.0	57.6	57.2	57.4	66.2	60.3	59.7	60.9	60.0	58.6	-1.4	
Truck transportation .....	1,394.5	1,280.6	1,274.9	1,268.0	1,410.4	1,340.8	1,323.3	1,313.9	1,299.6	1,283.4	-16.2	
Transit and ground passenger transportation .....	439.5	419.9	419.4	414.9	423.0	410.1	408.1	406.4	405.4	399.2	-6.2	
Pipeline transportation .....	40.5	42.8	42.4	42.7	40.9	43.3	43.1	43.1	42.9	43.2	.3	
Scenic and sightseeing transportation .....	25.2	20.3	20.8	24.6	28.4	27.2	26.9	27.0	26.8	27.3	.5	
Support activities for transportation .....	593.3	557.8	547.3	545.3	593.0	579.5	569.3	561.0	552.7	550.9	-1.8	
Couriers and messengers .....	572.3	558.3	551.9	549.4	577.8	564.6	563.2	563.7	558.4	557.4	-1.0	
Warehousing and storage .....	672.6	644.6	647.3	636.6	679.0	659.5	656.9	652.1	651.7	644.1	-7.6	
Utilities .....	556.0	568.2	568.7	566.8	557.1	564.6	569.3	570.0	570.3	569.8	-.5	
Information .....	3,012	2,905	2,902	2,884	3,017	2,940	2,924	2,918	2,904	2,887	-17	
Publishing industries, except Internet .....	890.6	833.7	826.0	818.9	893.2	857.8	846.3	836.3	828.1	822.6	-5.5	
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	381.6	381.3	392.8	396.6	384.5	377.2	376.7	389.8	394.0	394.5	.5	
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	316.7	300.4	298.1	294.9	317.3	308.1	306.5	302.5	299.4	297.0	-2.4	
Telecommunications .....	1,024.5	1,002.1	996.1	986.3	1,025.5	1,004.0	1,001.6	999.5	995.2	987.6	-7.6	
Data processing, hosting and related services .....	265.4	252.4	255.3	254.8	263.2	256.4	257.0	254.6	253.9	253.0	-.9	
Other information services .....	133.1	134.8	133.2	132.8	132.9	136.5	135.7	134.8	133.4	132.6	-.8	
Financial activities .....	8,167	7,853	7,814	7,779	8,190	8,010	7,954	7,898	7,855	7,815	-40	
Finance and insurance .....	6,044.9	5,848.1	5,825.7	5,794.0	6,050.8	5,924.0	5,890.4	5,853.9	5,828.7	5,803.4	-25.3	
Monetary authorities - central bank .....	22.7	20.8	20.8	20.5	22.7	21.3	21.0	20.9	20.8	20.5	-.3	
Credit intermediation and related activities <sup>1</sup> .....	2,756.3	2,648.7	2,634.1	2,616.0	2,756.6	2,680.8	2,665.3	2,648.8	2,633.7	2,619.7	-14.0	
Depository credit intermediation <sup>1</sup> .....	1,825.4	1,789.0	1,779.7	1,775.0	1,827.9	1,804.9	1,798.1	1,790.9	1,783.5	1,779.7	-3.8	
Commercial banking .....	1,363.4	1,338.3	1,331.6	1,327.6	1,363.4	1,351.8	1,346.6	1,340.5	1,334.3	1,330.2	-4.1	
Securities, commodity contracts, investments .....	867.0	814.0	807.1	797.9	867.4	839.9	826.5	814.9	807.5	800.5	-7.0	
Insurance carriers and related activities .....	2,308.6	2,276.2	2,275.8	2,272.1	2,313.4	2,292.0	2,287.4	2,281.1	2,278.9	2,274.9	-4.0	
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles .....	90.3	88.4	87.9	87.5	90.7	90.0	90.2	88.2	87.8	87.8	.0	
Real estate and rental and leasing .....	2,122.2	2,004.6	1,988.5	1,984.8	2,139.6	2,085.8	2,063.2	2,043.8	2,026.4	2,011.8	-14.6	
Real estate .....	1,477.0	1,407.1	1,397.5	1,394.5	1,486.9	1,458.2	1,444.9	1,432.4	1,421.7	1,411.9	-9.8	
Rental and leasing services .....	617.0	569.5	562.9	562.1	624.3	599.3	589.9	583.2	576.2	571.6	-4.6	
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets .....	28.2	28.0	28.1	28.2	28.4	28.3	28.4	28.2	28.5	28.3	-.2	

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Change from: Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup> -Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	
Professional and business services .....	17,897	16,750	16,691	16,756	17,950	17,356	17,205	17,029	16,899	16,777	-122
Professional and technical services <sup>1</sup> .....	7,893.6	7,797.9	7,754.9	7,739.8	7,833.7	7,797.2	7,765.5	7,729.2	7,700.5	7,683.4	-17.1
Legal services .....	1,161.1	1,139.6	1,140.4	1,136.7	1,166.6	1,156.8	1,154.1	1,148.7	1,146.5	1,142.8	-3.7
Accounting and bookkeeping services .....	1,053.9	1,061.2	1,038.8	1,028.2	954.1	933.7	927.5	924.4	925.3	927.9	2.6
Architectural and engineering services .....	1,438.0	1,371.8	1,357.9	1,353.4	1,451.7	1,419.4	1,411.1	1,394.2	1,379.5	1,366.0	-13.5
Computer systems design and related services .....	1,436.9	1,459.5	1,451.8	1,451.1	1,441.7	1,466.8	1,462.4	1,463.7	1,459.0	1,457.6	-1.4
Management and technical consulting services .....	993.0	1,010.2	1,006.4	1,010.1	999.2	1,020.5	1,025.7	1,021.6	1,017.3	1,018.9	1.6
Management of companies and enterprises .....	1,892.7	1,854.8	1,850.2	1,828.2	1,903.8	1,872.1	1,871.7	1,862.1	1,854.8	1,839.6	-15.2
Administrative and waste services .....	8,110.8	7,097.6	7,085.4	7,187.6	8,212.0	7,686.3	7,567.5	7,437.8	7,343.4	7,253.5	-89.9
Administrative and support services <sup>1</sup> .....	7,754.9	6,743.8	6,731.6	6,829.2	7,853.6	7,324.4	7,203.1	7,076.5	6,982.6	6,892.2	-90.4
Employment services <sup>1</sup> .....	3,194.5	2,494.1	2,440.2	2,436.1	3,285.6	2,829.5	2,720.5	2,638.7	2,551.7	2,482.8	-68.9
Temporary help services .....	2,387.9	1,772.4	1,729.1	1,720.3	2,464.0	2,055.6	1,965.7	1,892.7	1,821.1	1,758.6	-62.5
Business support services .....	830.2	806.6	807.7	791.4	828.4	816.0	817.6	805.0	801.6	793.8	-7.8
Services to buildings and dwellings .....	1,848.8	1,628.4	1,655.0	1,777.1	1,853.8	1,818.1	1,812.5	1,798.8	1,787.9	1,780.7	-7.2
Waste management and remediation services .....	355.9	353.8	353.8	358.4	358.4	361.9	364.4	361.3	360.8	361.3	.5
Education and health services .....	18,906	19,237	19,277	19,322	18,752	19,080	19,119	19,138	19,148	19,163	15
Educational services .....	3,166.8	3,218.0	3,221.5	3,227.1	3,017.4	3,063.1	3,088.4	3,083.1	3,077.2	3,075.1	-2.1
Health care and social assistance .....	15,739.2	16,019.4	16,055.4	16,094.8	15,734.1	16,017.0	16,030.3	16,054.7	16,071.1	16,087.9	16.8
Health care <sup>3</sup> .....	13,213.5	13,472.8	13,496.0	13,523.6	13,239.1	13,475.9	13,490.2	13,515.0	13,528.9	13,545.6	16.7
Ambulatory health care services <sup>1</sup> .....	5,615.7	5,750.0	5,761.8	5,792.2	5,622.6	5,742.6	5,753.3	5,770.1	5,777.5	5,795.2	17.7
Offices of physicians .....	2,246.4	2,297.7	2,302.0	2,305.1	2,251.8	2,294.5	2,300.4	2,304.4	2,307.9	2,310.1	2.2
Outpatient care centers .....	531.2	537.6	536.9	540.7	530.4	536.7	538.0	538.5	537.5	540.5	3.0
Home health care services .....	946.5	985.1	991.4	1,006.0	948.7	980.7	981.4	991.0	994.8	1,003.6	8.8
Hospitals .....	4,594.8	4,700.1	4,700.1	4,697.8	4,610.4	4,703.7	4,707.5	4,711.3	4,711.4	4,712.0	.6
Nursing and residential care facilities <sup>1</sup> .....	3,003.0	3,022.7	3,034.1	3,033.6	3,006.1	3,029.6	3,029.4	3,033.6	3,040.0	3,038.4	-1.6
Nursing care facilities .....	1,612.9	1,611.7	1,617.4	1,619.1	1,615.0	1,617.3	1,616.6	1,617.9	1,620.8	1,621.9	1.1
Social assistance <sup>1</sup> .....	2,525.7	2,546.6	2,559.4	2,571.2	2,495.0	2,541.1	2,540.1	2,539.7	2,542.2	2,542.3	.1
Child day care services .....	882.0	873.0	873.5	873.6	859.9	864.3	862.7	860.4	856.4	853.5	-2.9
Leisure and hospitality .....	13,401	12,682	12,816	13,043	13,512	13,304	13,268	13,236	13,194	13,150	-44
Arts, entertainment, and recreation .....	1,936.7	1,744.0	1,773.8	1,854.5	1,984.9	1,947.1	1,943.8	1,936.2	1,925.9	1,896.9	-29.0
Performing arts and spectator sports .....	415.1	370.2	376.9	394.6	409.5	401.4	405.7	398.6	397.7	390.9	-6.8
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks .....	130.1	119.1	120.8	128.3	132.9	130.8	130.3	130.9	129.9	130.0	.1
Amusements, gambling, and recreation .....	1,391.5	1,254.7	1,276.1	1,331.6	1,442.5	1,414.9	1,407.8	1,406.7	1,398.3	1,376.0	-22.3
Accommodation and food services .....	11,464.7	10,937.9	11,042.4	11,188.7	11,527.5	11,356.5	11,323.7	11,299.7	11,267.6	11,253.3	-14.3
Accommodation .....	1,835.7	1,681.3	1,672.5	1,680.9	1,881.1	1,794.3	1,768.4	1,754.7	1,732.8	1,724.8	-8.0
Food services and drinking places .....	9,629.0	9,256.6	9,369.9	9,507.8	9,646.4	9,562.2	9,555.3	9,545.0	9,534.8	9,528.5	-6.3
Other services .....	5,542	5,398	5,404	5,416	5,541	5,477	5,461	5,449	5,427	5,420	-7
Repair and maintenance .....	1,249.4	1,165.3	1,164.8	1,168.7	1,242.2	1,189.9	1,184.7	1,177.3	1,167.6	1,165.1	-2.5
Personal and laundry services .....	1,331.4	1,295.0	1,295.4	1,301.3	1,324.9	1,320.9	1,313.6	1,312.5	1,303.9	1,298.6	-5.3
Membership associations and organizations .....	2,960.9	2,937.7	2,943.9	2,945.5	2,973.5	2,965.7	2,963.1	2,958.7	2,955.2	2,956.3	1.1
Government .....	22,846	22,843	22,930	22,995	22,451	22,532	22,540	22,547	22,541	22,613	72
Federal .....	2,747	2,780	2,788	2,865	2,758	2,778	2,793	2,796	2,806	2,872	66
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service .....	1,989.7	2,057.7	2,070.5	2,142.2	1,996.4	2,057.3	2,065.8	2,071.0	2,082.5	2,145.0	62.5
U.S. Postal Service .....	757.2	722.0	717.7	723.2	761.3	720.9	726.9	724.9	723.5	726.7	3.2
State government .....	5,300	5,305	5,329	5,333	5,159	5,196	5,192	5,192	5,190	5,192	2
State government education .....	2,484.4	2,507.1	2,528.0	2,534.5	2,340.0	2,381.3	2,380.2	2,382.3	2,382.5	2,388.1	5.6
State government, excluding education .....	2,815.2	2,798.3	2,801.0	2,798.8	2,819.4	2,814.8	2,811.6	2,809.4	2,807.6	2,803.6	-4.0
Local government .....	14,799	14,758	14,813	14,797	14,534	14,558	14,555	14,559	14,545	14,549	4
Local government education .....	8,402.2	8,388.9	8,436.6	8,403.8	8,066.2	8,060.5	8,070.7	8,076.7	8,072.4	8,076.2	3.8
Local government, excluding education .....	6,397.0	6,369.3	6,376.0	6,393.0	6,467.6	6,497.7	6,484.7	6,482.5	6,472.5	6,473.2	.7

<sup>1</sup> Includes other industries, not shown separately.<sup>2</sup> Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.<sup>3</sup> Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

P = preliminary.

Table B-2. Average weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Change from: Mar. 2009-Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
Total private .....	33.6	33.2	33.2	32.8	33.8	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.2	33.2	0.0
Goods-producing .....	40.2	38.6	38.7	38.4	40.4	39.4	39.3	39.2	39.0	39.0	.0
Mining and logging .....	44.5	43.5	42.9	42.6	45.0	44.3	44.2	43.9	43.4	43.0	-.4
Construction .....	38.4	37.0	37.3	37.0	38.9	38.0	37.9	38.0	37.7	37.6	-.1
Manufacturing .....	41.0	39.2	39.2	38.9	41.0	39.9	39.8	39.5	39.4	39.6	.2
Overtime hours .....	3.8	2.5	2.5	2.3	4.0	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	.1
Durable goods .....	41.3	39.2	39.2	39.0	41.4	40.0	39.8	39.6	39.4	39.7	.3
Overtime hours .....	3.9	2.3	2.3	2.1	4.0	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.5	.1
Wood products .....	38.6	36.0	36.2	36.5	38.6	36.8	36.9	37.1	36.9	37.0	.1
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	42.2	38.6	39.2	40.2	42.3	40.9	40.2	40.0	39.9	40.2	.3
Primary metals .....	42.3	39.8	40.3	39.3	42.6	40.5	40.4	40.1	40.2	40.1	-.1
Fabricated metal products .....	41.6	39.2	38.8	38.1	41.6	40.3	39.7	39.5	39.0	39.1	.1
Machinery .....	42.5	40.5	40.1	39.8	42.5	41.1	40.9	40.6	40.2	40.5	.3
Computer and electronic products .....	40.9	40.3	39.8	39.6	41.1	40.4	40.7	40.5	39.9	40.3	.4
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	40.9	38.5	38.6	38.6	41.0	39.7	39.4	38.9	38.8	39.6	.8
Transportation equipment .....	42.5	40.1	40.2	40.2	42.5	40.9	40.4	40.1	40.3	41.0	.7
Motor vehicles and parts <sup>2</sup> .....	42.2	38.1	38.3	39.2	42.1	39.9	38.6	38.2	38.5	39.8	1.3
Furniture and related products .....	38.3	36.9	37.6	36.7	38.7	37.3	37.7	37.4	37.7	37.4	-.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	39.2	37.8	38.4	38.2	39.3	38.3	38.4	38.2	38.3	38.5	.2
Nondurable goods .....	40.4	39.1	39.2	38.8	40.5	39.7	39.7	39.5	39.4	39.5	.1
Overtime hours .....	3.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	3.9	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0
Food manufacturing .....	40.4	39.3	39.5	38.7	40.8	39.8	40.1	39.9	40.0	40.0	.0
Beverages and tobacco products .....	39.7	36.6	35.8	35.1	39.4	36.7	37.0	37.0	36.1	35.8	-.3
Textile mills .....	38.3	35.9	36.0	35.6	38.4	37.0	37.1	36.4	36.2	36.3	.1
Textile product mills .....	38.2	37.0	37.0	36.7	38.3	37.1	37.0	37.1	37.0	37.1	.1
Apparel .....	36.8	35.4	36.3	35.7	36.6	36.0	36.0	35.6	36.1	36.1	.0
Leather and allied products .....	38.9	32.8	33.2	31.8	38.6	34.7	34.0	33.3	33.0	32.6	-.4
Paper and paper products .....	43.2	41.1	40.7	40.9	43.3	41.9	41.6	41.5	41.0	41.3	.3
Printing and related support activities .....	38.4	37.1	37.6	37.0	38.5	38.0	37.7	37.3	37.5	37.5	.0
Petroleum and coal products .....	42.9	43.5	43.4	44.2	43.2	45.3	45.1	43.8	44.4	44.7	.3
Chemicals .....	41.3	41.1	40.9	40.7	41.3	41.1	41.1	41.1	40.9	40.9	.0
Plastics and rubber products .....	41.0	39.4	39.2	39.1	41.0	40.0	39.9	39.6	39.3	39.8	.5
Private service-providing .....	32.2	32.3	32.2	31.9	32.4	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.1	.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	33.1	32.7	32.7	32.6	33.3	32.9	32.9	32.8	32.8	32.8	.0
Wholesale trade .....	38.2	38.0	37.8	37.4	38.3	37.8	38.1	37.9	37.7	37.8	.1
Retail trade .....	29.9	29.6	29.6	29.6	30.2	29.7	29.7	29.8	29.8	29.8	.0
Transportation and warehousing .....	36.2	35.4	36.1	35.5	36.6	36.2	36.0	35.7	36.0	36.0	.0
Utilities .....	42.7	43.3	42.2	42.4	42.6	42.9	42.6	43.2	42.5	42.4	-.1
Information .....	36.3	37.1	36.8	36.2	36.6	37.0	37.2	36.9	36.7	36.5	-.2
Financial activities .....	35.7	36.8	36.4	35.8	35.9	35.9	36.2	36.2	36.0	36.0	.0
Professional and business services .....	34.8	34.9	34.9	34.4	34.8	34.8	34.9	34.8	34.7	34.8	.1
Education and health services .....	32.4	32.4	32.5	32.3	32.6	32.4	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.5	.1
Leisure and hospitality .....	25.2	24.9	24.8	24.6	25.4	25.0	24.8	25.0	24.8	24.8	.0
Other services .....	30.7	30.7	30.5	30.4	30.8	30.6	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.5	.0

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

<sup>2</sup> Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.

<sup>P</sup> = preliminary.

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

Industry	Average hourly earnings				Average weekly earnings			
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
Total private .....	\$17.95	\$18.57	\$18.56	\$18.51	\$603.12	\$616.52	\$616.19	\$607.13
Seasonally adjusted .....	17.94	18.46	18.50	18.51	606.37	614.72	614.20	614.53
Goods-producing .....	19.09	19.64	19.74	19.80	767.42	758.10	763.94	760.32
Mining and logging .....	21.78	23.19	23.44	23.54	969.21	1,008.77	1,005.58	1,002.80
Construction .....	21.49	22.25	22.46	22.45	825.22	823.25	837.76	830.65
Manufacturing .....	17.64	18.07	18.09	18.14	723.24	708.34	709.13	705.65
Durable goods .....	18.59	19.09	19.18	19.22	767.77	748.33	751.86	749.58
Wood products .....	14.00	14.77	14.68	14.70	540.40	531.72	531.42	536.55
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	17.12	17.03	17.22	17.45	722.46	657.36	675.02	701.49
Primary metals .....	20.21	19.75	19.69	19.91	854.88	786.05	793.51	782.46
Fabricated metal products .....	16.82	17.30	17.30	17.45	699.71	678.16	671.24	664.85
Machinery .....	17.91	18.17	18.23	18.16	761.18	735.89	731.02	722.77
Computer and electronic products .....	20.86	21.42	21.69	21.77	853.17	863.23	863.26	862.09
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	15.74	15.93	15.95	15.97	643.77	613.31	615.67	616.44
Transportation equipment .....	23.59	24.69	24.82	24.78	1,002.58	990.07	997.76	996.16
Furniture and related products .....	14.45	14.85	15.02	14.98	553.44	547.97	564.75	549.77
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	14.96	15.97	16.00	16.14	586.43	603.67	614.40	616.55
Nondurable goods .....	16.03	16.48	16.42	16.49	647.61	644.37	643.66	639.81
Food manufacturing .....	13.88	14.30	14.22	14.27	560.75	561.99	561.69	552.25
Beverages and tobacco products .....	19.41	20.25	20.40	20.03	770.58	741.15	730.32	703.05
Textile mills .....	13.45	13.76	13.89	13.82	515.14	493.98	500.04	491.99
Textile product mills .....	11.77	11.53	11.32	11.34	449.61	426.61	418.84	416.18
Apparel .....	11.51	11.40	11.25	11.50	423.57	403.56	408.38	410.55
Leather and allied products .....	12.63	14.19	14.18	14.27	491.31	465.43	470.78	453.79
Paper and paper products .....	18.64	18.99	18.90	19.17	805.25	780.49	769.23	784.05
Printing and related support activities .....	16.63	16.79	16.72	16.78	638.59	622.91	628.67	620.86
Petroleum and coal products .....	26.96	29.57	29.82	28.88	1,156.58	1,286.30	1,294.19	1,276.50
Chemicals .....	19.35	19.96	19.93	19.94	799.16	820.36	815.14	811.56
Plastics and rubber products .....	15.80	16.22	16.17	16.20	647.80	639.07	633.86	633.42
Private service-providing .....	17.67	18.33	18.31	18.24	568.97	592.06	589.58	581.86
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	16.13	16.47	16.43	16.41	533.90	538.57	537.26	534.97
Wholesale trade .....	20.01	20.65	20.66	20.70	764.38	784.70	780.95	774.18
Retail trade .....	12.89	12.99	13.01	13.02	385.41	384.50	385.10	385.39
Transportation and warehousing .....	18.30	18.73	18.54	18.51	662.46	663.04	669.29	657.11
Utilities .....	28.70	29.70	29.41	29.52	1,225.49	1,286.01	1,241.10	1,251.65
Information .....	24.56	25.12	25.39	25.27	891.53	931.95	934.35	914.77
Financial activities .....	20.21	20.68	20.70	20.66	721.50	761.02	753.48	739.63
Professional and business services .....	20.91	22.52	22.54	22.28	727.67	785.95	786.65	766.43
Education and health services .....	18.75	19.26	19.20	19.29	607.50	624.02	624.00	623.07
Leisure and hospitality .....	10.81	11.06	10.99	10.97	272.41	275.39	272.55	269.86
Other services .....	16.09	16.34	16.34	16.30	493.96	501.64	498.37	495.52

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 1, table B-2.

P = preliminary.

**Table B-4. Average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail, seasonally adjusted**

Industry	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Percent change from: Mar. 2009- Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
Total private:							
Current dollars .....	\$17.94	\$18.40	\$18.43	\$18.46	\$18.50	\$18.51	0.1
Constant (1982) dollars <sup>2</sup> .....	8.29	8.65	8.64	8.61	8.64	N.A.	( <sup>3</sup> )
Goods-producing .....	19.16	19.69	19.72	19.78	19.86	19.84	-.1
Mining and logging .....	21.77	23.23	23.14	23.14	23.41	23.49	.3
Construction .....	21.62	22.41	22.43	22.42	22.60	22.57	-.1
Manufacturing .....	17.64	17.96	17.99	18.07	18.11	18.13	.1
Excluding overtime <sup>4</sup> .....	16.82	17.33	17.36	17.47	17.53	17.53	.0
Durable goods .....	18.61	18.94	18.99	19.09	19.18	19.21	.2
Nondurable goods .....	16.01	16.39	16.43	16.49	16.46	16.49	.2
Private service-providing .....	17.63	18.10	18.14	18.17	18.19	18.22	.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	16.08	16.31	16.36	16.38	16.37	16.40	.2
Wholesale trade .....	20.05	20.31	20.41	20.52	20.60	20.70	.5
Retail trade .....	12.84	12.94	12.97	12.96	12.97	12.98	.1
Transportation and warehousing .....	18.31	18.66	18.72	18.67	18.62	18.62	.0
Utilities .....	28.54	29.16	29.22	29.67	29.29	29.36	.2
Information .....	24.56	24.91	24.98	25.09	25.30	25.27	-.1
Financial activities .....	20.17	20.53	20.53	20.55	20.63	20.63	.0
Professional and business services .....	20.90	21.97	22.04	22.17	22.28	22.30	.1
Education and health services .....	18.74	19.20	19.18	19.24	19.21	19.29	.4
Leisure and hospitality .....	10.81	10.94	10.97	10.97	10.97	10.96	-.1
Other services .....	16.00	16.29	16.30	16.25	16.23	16.23	.0

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 1, table B-2.<sup>2</sup> The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.<sup>3</sup> Change was .3 percent from Feb. 2009 to Mar. 2009, the latest month available.<sup>4</sup> Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

N.A. = not available.

<sup>P</sup> = preliminary.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production and nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Percent change from: Mar. 2009-Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	
Total private .....	106.2	99.6	99.5	98.6	107.4	103.2	102.5	101.9	100.9	100.3	-0.6
Goods-producing .....	97.1	82.0	81.1	80.3	99.0	90.4	88.1	86.5	84.3	82.9	-1.7
Mining and logging .....	132.0	130.1	124.9	121.6	135.6	139.1	138.3	135.1	129.6	125.9	-2.9
Construction .....	105.9	85.8	85.9	86.7	110.4	99.8	97.5	96.1	93.0	90.6	-2.6
Manufacturing .....	91.7	78.3	77.1	75.6	92.2	84.0	81.7	79.8	78.3	77.6	-0.9
Durable goods .....	94.4	78.1	76.6	75.0	94.9	84.6	81.6	79.6	77.6	76.6	-1.3
Wood products .....	79.5	57.9	58.8	60.0	80.6	66.7	64.6	62.5	62.1	61.7	-0.6
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	93.0	72.0	72.3	76.8	94.1	84.0	81.0	78.9	76.6	77.2	.8
Primary metals .....	90.2	71.3	70.2	65.6	90.5	78.1	75.6	72.0	70.1	67.3	-4.0
Fabricated metal products .....	103.2	86.4	83.4	79.7	103.6	93.8	89.8	87.4	84.1	82.2	-2.3
Machinery .....	103.6	88.5	84.7	82.4	104.0	94.8	91.8	88.9	85.4	84.3	-1.3
Computer and electronic products .....	102.7	93.3	91.2	89.0	103.5	96.8	96.4	94.1	91.5	91.0	-0.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	88.9	78.1	76.0	74.1	89.5	83.8	81.8	79.1	76.7	76.3	-0.5
Transportation equipment .....	92.5	72.1	71.6	69.7	91.9	79.0	73.2	72.4	71.7	70.6	-1.5
Motor vehicles and parts <sup>2</sup> .....	77.4	52.8	52.7	51.8	76.2	61.3	53.5	53.2	52.7	51.8	-1.7
Furniture and related products .....	77.7	60.8	60.7	58.7	78.7	66.1	64.7	62.5	61.4	59.9	-2.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	90.2	82.2	82.1	82.4	90.7	85.9	84.8	83.7	82.6	83.3	.8
Nondurable goods .....	87.1	78.4	77.8	76.6	88.2	82.8	81.6	80.3	79.3	79.2	-0.1
Food manufacturing .....	98.2	94.4	94.5	92.9	101.7	98.6	98.7	98.0	97.9	98.7	.8
Beverages and tobacco products .....	89.6	83.6	82.1	80.7	92.1	89.3	90.1	88.8	86.4	85.1	-1.5
Textile mills .....	49.2	37.2	37.0	36.4	49.4	40.7	39.7	38.2	37.2	37.3	.3
Textile product mills .....	72.1	61.0	58.5	56.9	71.5	65.0	62.7	61.4	58.6	57.6	-1.7
Apparel .....	57.9	47.6	48.0	45.7	57.8	51.3	49.7	48.4	48.0	46.6	-2.9
Leather and allied products .....	71.2	56.8	57.7	56.9	71.1	62.5	60.9	59.1	58.4	58.3	-0.2
Paper and paper products .....	84.6	75.0	73.3	73.3	85.3	79.8	77.9	76.4	74.8	74.8	.0
Printing and related support activities .....	87.8	75.7	75.6	73.0	88.3	80.6	78.7	76.5	75.6	74.5	-1.5
Petroleum and coal products .....	96.6	83.5	84.1	90.7	98.9	98.4	93.3	89.2	89.9	93.7	4.2
Chemicals .....	95.3	90.2	89.0	87.8	95.2	91.8	91.0	90.4	89.1	88.2	-1.0
Plastics and rubber products .....	89.1	75.1	73.3	72.5	89.1	80.2	78.0	76.2	74.4	74.6	.3
Private service-providing .....	108.5	104.9	104.7	104.0	109.5	107.0	106.6	105.9	105.4	105.0	-0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	103.1	97.4	97.2	96.7	104.8	100.6	100.2	99.3	98.9	98.3	-0.6
Wholesale trade .....	109.2	103.4	102.4	100.8	109.9	105.5	105.6	104.2	102.9	102.2	-0.7
Retail trade .....	99.1	94.1	94.1	94.0	101.6	97.1	96.8	96.8	96.4	96.0	-0.4
Transportation and warehousing .....	107.7	99.2	100.8	98.5	109.3	104.2	102.8	101.2	101.6	100.7	-0.9
Utilities .....	97.6	101.4	98.7	98.6	97.7	100.2	100.1	101.6	99.8	99.2	-0.6
Information .....	99.7	98.3	97.6	95.3	100.7	99.6	99.4	98.4	97.5	96.6	-0.9
Financial activities .....	107.2	106.8	105.1	102.9	108.3	106.2	106.5	105.8	104.6	103.9	-0.7
Professional and business services .....	114.9	106.7	106.4	105.3	115.4	110.8	110.1	108.6	107.4	106.8	-0.6
Education and health services .....	115.6	117.9	118.5	118.1	115.4	116.9	117.2	116.9	117.4	117.8	.3
Leisure and hospitality .....	109.4	102.0	102.8	103.9	111.2	107.8	106.7	107.2	106.0	105.7	-0.3
Other services .....	99.6	97.0	96.5	96.5	99.9	98.3	98.2	97.6	97.0	96.9	-0.1

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 1, table B-2.<sup>2</sup> Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.<sup>P</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: The index of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing

the current months estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and production and nonsupervisory worker employment.

**Table B-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls of production and nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail**

(2002=100)

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted						Percent change from: Mar. 2009-Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>
	Apr. 2008	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2008	Dec. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 2009 <sup>P</sup>	
Total private .....	127.3	123.6	123.4	121.9	128.7	126.9	126.2	125.7	124.7	124.0	-0.6
Goods-producing .....	113.5	98.6	98.1	97.4	116.1	109.0	106.4	104.7	102.5	100.7	-1.8
Mining and logging .....	167.1	175.5	170.3	166.4	171.7	188.0	186.2	181.8	176.5	172.0	-2.5
Construction .....	122.9	103.0	104.2	105.1	128.9	120.8	118.0	116.4	113.5	110.5	-2.6
Manufacturing .....	105.8	92.5	91.2	89.7	106.3	98.7	96.1	94.3	92.7	92.0	-.8
Durable goods .....	109.6	93.0	91.8	90.0	110.2	100.1	96.8	94.9	92.9	91.9	-1.1
Nondurable goods .....	98.6	91.3	90.2	89.3	99.8	95.9	94.7	93.6	92.2	92.3	.1
Private service-providing .....	131.4	131.8	131.4	130.1	132.4	132.8	132.6	131.9	131.5	131.2	-.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	118.6	114.4	114.0	113.2	120.3	117.0	116.9	116.1	115.4	115.0	-.3
Wholesale trade .....	128.7	125.8	124.7	122.9	129.8	126.2	126.9	126.0	124.9	124.7	-.2
Retail trade .....	109.5	104.8	105.0	105.0	111.8	107.7	107.7	107.5	107.2	106.8	-.4
Transportation and warehousing .....	125.0	117.8	118.5	115.7	127.0	123.3	122.1	119.9	120.0	119.0	-.8
Utilities .....	116.9	125.7	121.2	121.5	116.4	121.9	122.1	125.8	122.1	121.6	-.4
Information .....	121.3	122.3	122.7	119.3	122.5	122.8	122.9	122.2	122.1	120.9	-1.0
Financial activities .....	133.9	136.6	134.6	131.4	135.0	134.9	135.1	134.4	133.4	132.5	-.7
Professional and business services .....	142.9	143.0	142.7	139.7	143.5	144.9	144.3	143.3	142.3	141.7	-.4
Education and health services .....	142.5	149.2	149.6	149.8	142.1	147.5	147.8	147.9	148.2	149.4	.8
Leisure and hospitality .....	134.3	128.2	128.3	129.4	136.5	133.9	132.9	133.6	132.1	131.5	-.5
Other services .....	116.8	115.5	114.9	114.6	116.5	116.6	116.6	115.6	114.7	114.5	-.2

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 1, table B-2.

<sup>P</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: The index of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current months estimates of aggregate payrolls

by the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate payroll estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and production and nonsupervisory worker employment.

Table B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	Private nonfarm payrolls, 271 industries <sup>1</sup>											
Over 1-month span:												
2005 .....	52.6	60.1	54.1	58.1	56.8	58.3	58.5	59.2	54.2	55.9	62.7	57.6
2006 .....	64.9	62.2	63.8	59.8	49.1	51.8	59.2	55.4	55.7	56.3	59.4	60.7
2007 .....	53.5	55.5	52.4	49.4	55.9	48.3	50.7	46.5	55.9	57.2	59.4	57.9
2008 .....	42.1	40.6	44.1	41.1	42.6	36.9	37.6	39.1	34.7	33.0	27.1	20.5
2009 .....	22.1	20.8	P 20.3	P 28.2								
Over 3-month span:												
2005 .....	51.7	57.2	59.0	59.8	57.9	62.0	60.5	62.9	60.3	55.5	56.3	62.7
2006 .....	67.7	68.6	65.1	65.1	60.5	58.9	55.5	57.0	55.0	54.4	59.0	64.2
2007 .....	62.5	54.8	54.2	54.8	54.1	50.4	52.8	48.7	53.3	53.9	58.3	62.5
2008 .....	57.7	44.8	40.2	39.7	37.3	33.6	33.6	32.8	34.9	33.2	26.9	20.8
2009 .....	18.6	14.2	P 14.6	P 15.9								
Over 6-month span:												
2005 .....	55.4	57.9	58.1	57.0	58.3	60.9	63.1	63.3	61.6	59.6	61.4	62.5
2006 .....	64.6	63.8	67.5	66.2	65.5	66.6	60.3	61.1	57.9	57.9	62.4	59.0
2007 .....	60.3	57.2	60.5	58.3	55.5	56.5	52.8	52.4	56.6	54.4	56.8	59.0
2008 .....	56.6	53.0	50.7	47.4	40.2	33.4	31.0	33.4	30.6	29.0	26.0	24.4
2009 .....	21.6	17.2	P 14.2	P 15.1								
Over 12-month span:												
2005 .....	60.9	60.9	60.0	59.2	58.3	60.3	61.3	63.3	60.7	59.2	59.8	61.8
2006 .....	67.2	65.5	65.9	62.9	65.5	66.8	64.8	64.4	66.6	65.9	64.9	66.2
2007 .....	63.3	59.4	61.1	59.6	59.2	58.3	56.8	57.2	59.4	58.9	58.1	59.6
2008 .....	54.4	56.1	52.6	49.1	50.2	47.8	43.7	42.3	38.0	37.8	32.3	28.2
2009 .....	24.0	22.0	P 19.7	P 18.6								
	Manufacturing payrolls, 83 industries <sup>1</sup>											
Over 1-month span:												
2005 .....	36.7	46.4	42.2	46.4	40.4	33.7	41.0	43.4	45.8	47.6	44.6	47.0
2006 .....	57.8	49.4	53.6	47.0	37.3	50.6	49.4	42.2	40.4	42.8	41.0	44.0
2007 .....	44.6	41.0	30.7	24.7	38.0	32.5	43.4	30.7	39.2	42.8	60.8	48.2
2008 .....	30.7	28.9	37.3	32.5	40.4	25.3	25.9	27.7	22.9	18.7	15.1	10.2
2009 .....	6.0	9.6	P 12.7	P 26.5								
Over 3-month span:												
2005 .....	36.7	43.4	41.0	41.6	35.5	36.1	34.9	36.7	42.2	44.0	38.6	48.8
2006 .....	56.6	57.2	48.2	48.2	44.6	50.0	43.4	45.2	36.7	33.1	35.5	39.2
2007 .....	40.4	33.1	33.1	28.9	29.5	30.1	31.9	28.9	30.7	30.7	39.2	51.2
2008 .....	48.8	33.7	28.3	29.5	26.5	22.9	19.9	16.9	22.3	21.1	15.1	11.4
2009 .....	6.0	3.6	P 2.4	P 10.8								
Over 6-month span:												
2005 .....	33.7	39.8	38.0	36.1	35.5	34.9	39.8	36.1	36.1	38.0	36.7	39.8
2006 .....	45.2	45.2	50.6	48.8	50.6	50.0	45.2	47.0	43.4	42.2	39.8	34.3
2007 .....	37.3	33.1	29.5	28.9	30.7	34.9	28.9	26.5	29.5	28.3	33.7	38.0
2008 .....	34.3	30.1	37.3	35.5	25.3	20.5	17.5	18.1	16.9	13.3	11.4	9.6
2009 .....	9.0	4.8	P 4.8	P 7.2								
Over 12-month span:												
2005 .....	45.2	44.0	42.2	41.0	36.7	35.5	32.5	34.3	33.1	33.7	33.7	38.0
2006 .....	44.0	41.0	41.0	39.8	39.8	45.2	42.2	42.8	47.0	48.8	45.8	44.6
2007 .....	39.8	36.7	37.3	30.7	28.9	29.5	30.7	28.9	33.1	28.9	34.3	35.5
2008 .....	27.7	28.9	25.9	25.3	30.7	27.1	24.7	19.3	21.7	21.7	16.9	15.1
2009 .....	8.4	4.8	P 4.8	P 4.8								

<sup>1</sup> Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing

plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.